Caledonian Mercury

No. 11,993. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, THURSDAY, AUGUST 2. 1798. PRICE SIXPENCE.

Theatre Royal.

The Last Night but Two.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF MRS POPE,

This Evening will be presented the Tragedy of

MACBETH.

The part of Macbeth, Mr POPE
Macduff, Mr WOODS
And the part of Lady Macbeth, Mrs POPE
To which will be added a FARCE, called
THE ROMP.
The part of Watty Cockney by Mr KNIGHT
And Priscilla Tomboy, Mrs KNIGHT
Between the Play and Farce, Mrs POPE will recite
COLLIN's ODE ON THE PASSIONS.

ADMIRAL LORD DUNCAN.

P. THOMSON, Engraver in London, respectfully acquaints the Public, that he proposes to engrave in STROKE, the whole-length Picture of the Noble and Gallant Admiral, painted by Mr RAEBURN, for the Trinity-House, Leith, and to begin it without delay. The Engraver has permission from the Master and Managers of the Trinity-House, to say, that those Ladies and Gentlemen who wish to see this admirable Picture and striking Likeness of Lord Duncan, will be admitted on calling at the Trinity-House, from 11 till two o'clock, for a few days; and afterwards on application to the Master, or any of the Members.—Subscribers may see at the Trinity-House, the Engraver's proposals, with a specimen of the style in which the Print is to be executed: And they may be assured, that the impressions will be faithfully delivered in the order of subscription.

INVERNESS.

BOOKSELLING, BOOKBINDING, AND STATIONERY.

YOUNG AND IMRAY respectfully inform their Friends and the Public, That they have just commenced Business as BOOKSELLERS, BOOKBINDERS, and STATIONERS, in that centrical and commodious Shop next to the Cloth Wareroom, East Street, Inverness, which they have furnished with a Select Collection of the best MODERN BOOKS, CLASSICS, and SCHOOL BOOKS of every description; and a far more complete assortment of STATIONERY ARTICLES than has ever been offered for sale in this part of the country; besides an extensive assortment of MAPS, PRINTS, DRAWING MATERIALS, MUSIC, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.

Y. & I. having established a regular correspondence with the principal booksellers of London, Edinburgh, &c. orders for Magazines, Reviews, and all other publications will be thankfully received, executed with all possible expedition, and delivered, with every other article in their line, on the *very same terms* as the same articles can be delivered at Edinburgh or London. As the difficulty of procuring new publications in this part of the country has long been a subject of complaint, it is presumed that this mode of conducting business will give general satisfaction.

In the important article of WRITING PAPERS, Y. & I. have been particularly careful to select those of the very best quality that the London market could afford; and they think they may with confidence recommend them to public attention.

Every article will be sold on the most reasonable terms, and a liberal allowance will be made to Schoolmasters and Dealers who may favour them with orders for School Books or Stationery.

*** The Writing Papers, and every article of Stationery, have been selected with particular care and attention by one of the Partners, just returned from London.

BOOKBINDING.

BOOKBINDING, in all its Branches, will be executed in a manner at once substantial and elegant. Of this Y. and I. may with the more confidence assure the Public, as A. Imray has had very considerable practice in that branch of the business both in Edinburgh and London.

☞ LEDGERS, JOURNALS, and MERCHANTS' ACCOUNT BOOKS of all kinds, Ruled and Bound to any pattern, on the shortest notice.

PERTH, 25th July, 1798.

THE DIFFERENT SEMINARIES OF LEARNING here were this day examined, in presence of the Provost and Magistrates, together with several Clergymen and other Gentlemen of the town and neighbourhood:—And it is but justice to say, that the Scholars afforded satisfactory evidence of such proficiency in the various departments of Literature, as was highly honourable both to themselves and their Teachers.

Mr REOCHS method of teaching English, and particularly the distinct enunciation of his scholars, was much applauded by the visitors. And it was highly gratifying to observe the success which continues to attend the labours of Mr DICK and his two Assistants, in communicating an accurate knowledge of the principles of Latin Grammar, and that through understanding of this language, which enables their scholars both to translate and to write Latin correctly. The abilities and successful teaching of Mr GIBSON, Rector of the Academy, have been long known to the public. And the knowledge which his Pupils discovered, upon this occasion, of Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, &c. afforded a new and striking evidence of his distinguished capacity for communicating useful instruction, and rendering even abstract ideas easy and familiar to the young mind. In this important duty, he has also the good fortune to be most ably seconded by Mr WALLACE, his present assistant, whose talents and diligence, when more universally known, will certainly add to the celebrity of this Academy. Many elegant specimens of Drawing were exhibited by the Scholars of Mr ASHMORE, whose superior taste and ability in this department have been the mean of gaining much attention to that polite and useful accomplishment.

The visitors also feel sincere pleasure in paying a just tribute of respect upon this occasion, to one of those unfortunate Strangers, whom violence and oppression have driven from their native land, MONSIEUR L'ABBE QUENTIN, who at present teaches the French Language in this Academy, was long a Professor in one of the Colleges of France, and appears from his merit and success as a teacher, well entitled to encouragement and patronage in this country.

ALEXANDER FECHNEY, Provost.

ANOTHER SINGULAR INSTANCE

(The CLXIII, published) of the Superior power of

HAYMAN's, late NORTON's MAREDANT's DROPS,

which not only thus defuse their influence on Scorbutic Disorders, to the remote parts of Great Britain, but also throughout Europe, America, East and West Indies, &c.

"To MR HAYMAN, GOLDEN SQUARE, LONDON.

"SIR, "*Lochee, near Dundee, 30th June* 1798.

"I suffered a painful scorbutic affliction in the palms of my hands, issuing blood on the mere folding of my fingres, and disabling me from amusing myself in the most trifling cultivation of my garden, or handling a common walking stick, upwards of two years; which no medical application relieved, till (from seeing a publication at Mr Dick's, surgeon, Dundee) I used your Drops, and, by three bottles and a half, became able to repractise my favourite amusement, and to labour, were it necessary, with any implement of husbandry; nor have I had the least return, though it is two years since I discontinued them.

"My malady was extremely grievous. I therefore publicly certify the means of its cure to benefit others, and am Sir, yours, sincerely,

"JOHN GREIG."

☞ The Proprietor's address "J. HAYMAN, GOLDEN SQUARE," is *officially* engraven on the stamp on each 5s. 5d. 11s. 6d. and 22s. bottle of these Drops; an infallable external test of their genuineness in town or country medicine shops: Patients, however, who wish it, are supplied at any distance, identically by Mr Hayman, if they remit in their order or refer for payment in London.

*** The house of Mess. HUSBAND, ELDER, and Co. originally appointed by Surgeon Norton, still remains Mr Hayman's only place for sale for these Drops in Edinburgh; Mess. Angus M'Donald's, Glasgow; Garden and Innis's, Aberdeen; Greigie's, surgeon, Montrose; Dick's, surgeon, Dundee; R. Morrison and Son's, Perth, A. Wyllie's, Dumfries; J. Palmer's Kelso, &c. &c.

THE WORKS

OF

THE LATE LORD DREGHORN,

In Two Volumes 8vo. Price 10s. 6d. in boards.

Vol. I. containing Poems—and

Vol. II. Considerations on Law, Politics, Literature, &c.

Published and Sold by BELL and BRADFUTE, and E. BALFOUR, Edinburgh.

FURNITURE CALICOES, &c.

GILCHRIST and CO. respectfully inform their numerous Friends and the Public, from whom they have long experienced a liberal share of patronage, That they have just received some New Patters of FURNITURE CALICOES and DIMITTIES, which, together with their former Large Assortment, renders the display in the GALLERY OF FASHION more splendid than at any former period.

They have likewise got to hand, for Summer Dresses, a variety of new London Printed Muslins and Calicoes, British *Japan* Muslins of the most curious patterns; India and British Long Cloths, Cossaes and Cambric Muslins; Straw, Chip, and Cane Hats and Bonnets of every description; Ladies Coloured and White Silk Gloves and Hose, &c. &c.

Families intending to purchase Blankets, Bed Quilts, Counterpanes, &c. can be furnished on the most liberal terms.

MILLINERY WORK executed from the latest London patterns.

☞ Commissions carefully executed.

TO THE CURIOUS IN FLOWERS, &c.

GORING and WRIGHT, Successors to MADDOCK and SON, Florists, at Walworth, near London, beg to inform the Curious in Flowers, &c. That their Large Annual Catalogue is just published, and may be had gratis, by any Nobleman or Gentleman, on application to the Printer of this Paper.

It contain the Names, Colours, &c. of the several articles, with prices annexed, lower than in any other Catalogue published in Europe.

GREASE BUTTER AND TAR.

A Considerable Quantity of DUTCH BUTTER for Sheep Smearing, is now on sale; and a Cargo of ARCHANGEL THICK TAR for the same purpose, is daily expected.

Apply to Robert Strong and Son, Leith.

NOTICE.

THE SALE of STOCK on the LANDS of PITCORTHIE, in FIFESHIRE, and the Letting by roup or auction the FARMS of EASTER and WESTER PITCORTHIE, which were advertised for Wednesday the 22d August 1798, are now Adjourned to a future day, to be afterwards advertised.

RESERVATION OF GAME.

THE MARQUIS of TWEEDDALE requests most particularly that no Gentleman will shoot upon his estates in the counties of East Lothian, Berwick, Roxburgh, and Argyll, without his permission in writing; and any person transgressing, will be prosecuted as the law directs.

His Lordship has observed that formerly no attention has been paid by hunters and coursers, to the period of close time for killing hares; he therefore is determined to prevent afterwards the killing of hares upon his estates after the 27th of February. The gamekeepers and shepherds have strict orders to inform against all transgressors.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC ROUP,

Within the house of John Veitch, vintner in Selkirk, upon Wednesday the 15th day of August, between the hours of one and two afternooon,

THE LANDS of HYNDHOPE, lying in the parish of Yarrow, and shire of Selkirk. These lands are delightfully situated on the banks of the Ettrick, and there are several charming situations on them, either for a Mansion House or Farm Steading. They are well known to be a most capital Sheep Farm, capable of great improvement. The lands are let on lease for three years from Whitsunday last.

They afford a Freehold Qualification for the County of Selkirk.

The present tenant will shew the lands, and for particulars apply to Mr John Lang, Sheriff Clerk of Selkirkshire; Mr A. Cunningham, No. 37 George Street, Edinburgh; or James Gibson, W.S. who will shew the title deeds and articles of sale.

VOLUNTARY SUBSCRIPTIONS.

MY LORD, FAUCHFIELD, *June* 2. 1798.

Since I had the honour of receiving your and the Duke of Buccleuch's circular letter, I have the pleasure to inform your Lordship that the inhabitants of the parish of Longside have contributed 96l. Sterling for the support of Government, which has been remitted to Mr Fergusson, Member for the county, to be paid into the Bank of England. Your Lordship will think it sufficiently expressive of the sentiments of the people in the parish, when you are told, that the above sum comes from the pockets of above 370 subscribers, that is, from almost every family except the inrolled poor. The heritors subscriptions are not included, none of them residing in the parish.

I have the honour to be, my Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient servant,

WILLIAM GREIG, Minister of Longside.

Right Hon. the Lord Provost of Edinburgh.

MY LORD, STOBO, *June* 5. 1798.

The inclosed, with which I have taken the liberty to trouble your Lordship, is a list of the subscriptions in the parish of Stobo, for the defence of the country.

Though the sum subscribed may *in cumulo* appear small, when compared with the subscription of other parishes, whose inhabitants are more numerous and wealthy, yet, when all circumstances are considered, that there are few inhabitants in the parish; that there is not one residing heritor; that there are only seven tenants great and small, one of whom has not come forward; and that all the rest of the inhabitants are of the lower class of the people,—I presume, that if the money subscribed does not discover greater zeal, it exhibits at least an equal effort with other parishes to support and strengthen the hands of Government, in the present critical situation of affairs.

I have the honour to be, with much esteem,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient humble servant,

ALEXANDER KERR.

The Right Hon. the Lord Provost of Edinburgh.

Subscribers in the Parish of Stobo, besides 6l. 6s. subscribed by the Rev. Mr Kerr, at the Presbytery of Peebles, over and above his taxes.

	L.		
Katharine Ker	4	4	0
W. Lindsay, servant	0	5	0
Jean Mercer, Janet Fleck, and Agnes Fleck	0	1	6
G. Scott, schoolmaster	1	1	0
C. Alexander, for himself and family	5	5	0
John Young	0	2	6
John Thomson	0	2	6
A. Smail, Eliz. Robertson, and Isabel Scott	0	3	0
James Bryden	0	2	6
James Smail	0	2	6
John Baxter	0	2	0
James Baxter	0	1	6
William Johnston	0	1	0
Joseph Jamieson	0	1	0
William Ballentine	0	1	0
John Penman, for himself and family	3	3	0
William Simson and his brother	2	2	0
Janet Simson	0	10	6
William Veitch	0	5	0
Adam Cairns, sen.	0	3	0
Adam Cairns	0	5	0
William Fleming	0	2	6
Andrew Falkner	0	4	0
James Murray	0	2	0
Mary Paterson	0	3	0
Robert Tait	0	1	0
Thomas Gilchrist and Son	L. 0	5	0
Alexander Smith	0	1	6
Janet Muir	0	0	6
William White	0	1	0
Robert Lowrie	0	1	0
Christian Thomson	0	0	6
John Wilson	0	1	0
Alex. Tweedie, for himself and family	10	10	0
William Wilson, herd	0	10	6
Robert Neilson	0	2	0
James Neilson	0	2	6
William Dickson	0	2	6
William Dickson	0	2	0
Alexander Reid	0	2	0
Peter Yule	0	1	0
John Neilson	0	2	6
Alexander Neilson	0	4	0
James Murray	0	5	0
John Ketchan	0	5	0
Adam Kammage and Son	0	10	0
Wm. Purdie, 1s. Jas. Burns, 5s. Mary Tait his wife, 2s.	0	8	0
John Cairns	0	1	0
Robert Veitch	0	1	0
William Clark	0	1	0
Thomas Muir	0	1	0
James Alexander, for himself and Sons	2	12	0

The following Subscriptions for the Relief of CARLTON, Several of the Heritors having formerly subscribed Thousands, to the amount of 700l. covering Assessed Taxes, and 332l. 10s. exclusive of Taxes;—the remaining Heritors and others have now subscribed as follows:—

Mr Dallas, factor for Sir James Foulis	L. 15	15	0
Do. as factor for Mr Foulis of Woodhall	10	10	0
Captain Inglis	21	0	0
Walter Irving, Esq. at Spylawmill	50	0	0
Ad. Innes, Bonally	1	1	0
David Niven, servant to do.	0	1	0
John Tennant, do.	0	1	0
John Farquhar, do.	0	1	0
Wm. Coats, Bonally	0	10	6
David Heatly, do.	0	1	0
Angus Sutherland, labourer	0	1	0
Jn. Henderson, Woodhallmill	1	1	0
Wm. Flint, miller	0	2	0
John Silbert, labourer	0	2	6
Ja. Torrance, Oxgangs	1	1	0
Peter Brown, servant to do.	0	1	0
Peter Campbell, do.	0	1	0
Alex. Farquhar, do.	0	1	0
Robert Neilans, do.	0	1	0
John Peddie, do.	0	1	0
Alex. Scott, Colinton Mains, yeomanry cavalry	1	1	0
Geo. Lawson, servant to do.	0	1	0
David Knox, do.	0	1	0
Philip Brodie, do.	0	1	0
David Houck, do.	0	1	0
John Denham, do.	0	1	0
Tho. Scott, Craiglockhart	2	2	0
Marion Scott, there	0	10	6
Susan Scott, there	0	10	6
Richard Miles, servant there	0	2	0
George Eckford, do.	0	2	0
John Fleming, do.	0	2	0
Peter Ross, do.	0	2	0
James Miles, do.	0	2	0
Thomas Low, do.	0	2	0
James Low, do.	0	2	0
Robert Manners, do.	0	2	0
William Dick, do.	0	2	0
Andrew Crichton, do.	0	2	0
James Davidson, herd	0	2	0
Trotter Ross, servant at Craiglockhart,	0	1	0
Rev. Dr Walker,	5	5	0
Margt. Kirkpatrick, servant to do.	0	2	6
Mary Spence, do.	0	2	6
Hugh M'Whirter, Inglis Green,	2	1	0
Mary M'Whirter,	1	1	0
Janet M'Whirter,	0	5	0
John M'Whirter,	0	5	0
Hugh M'Whirter, jun.	0	5	0
J. Walker, Mr M'Whirter's servant, an Irishman,	0	2	0
Sam. M'Kinnon, do.	0	2	6
Wm. Boys, do. do.	0	2	6
Tho. Ross, do.	0	2	6
Isabel Black, do.	0	10	6
Ann Cunningham, do.	0	2	6
Rt. Walker, paper manufacturer,	2	2	0
Ja. Whittit, wauker,	1	1	0
Rt. Cunningham, Holo Mill,	1	1	0
Tho. King, servant to do.	0	2	0
Allan Henderson, do.	0	2	0
John Nicol, do.	0	2	0
Robert Ross, do.	0	2	0
Tho. Davie, millwright in Colinton,	0	5	0
Ja. Waugh, mealmaker,	0	5	0
Andrew Fraser,	0	5	0
J. Fraser, mason in do.	0	10	6
D. Neil, mason with do.	0	2	0
Robert Porteus, do.	0	2	0
David Ross, do.	0	2	0
J. Ross, quarrier to do.	0	1	0
M. Burton, wright in do.	0	3	0
James Hill, shoemaker in do.	0	2	6
J. Wright, tailor in do.	0	10	6
Wm. Phin, cooper,	0	5	0
P. Forgie, millwright, Collinton,	0	5	0
J. Gibson, gardener, do.	0	10	0
W. Dickson, smith, do.	0	1	0
Robt. Alexander, millwright, do.	0	2	6
Andrew Anderson, beadle, do.	0	2	0
Ja. Rennie, labourer, do.	0	1	6
P. Dickson, do. do.	0	1	0
Da. Mitchell, do. do.	0	1	0
David White, do. do.	0	1	0
Wm. Walker, do. do.	0	1	0
George Ritchie do. do.	0	2	0
Betty M'Laren, in do.	0	1	0
J. M'laren, father in do.	0	2	0
A Millwright in do.	0	2	0
William Weir, schoolmaster, do.	0	5	0
J. Gowans, labourer, do.	0	1	0
T. Dawson, servant, do.	0	2	0
Joseph Ramsay, servant to Sir James Fowlis,	0	2	0
John Smith, do. do.	0	2	0
Alex. Russel, do. do.	0	1	0
Ja. Pennycuick, do. do.	0	1	0
Mrs Anderson, Pleaes,	10	10	0
J. Samuel, servant to do.	0	1	0
Alexander Barclay gardener at do.	0	2	6
Da. Scott, servant to do.	0	2	6
George Touch, tutor at Redhall,	0	10	6
Wm. Law, gardener do.	0	2	6
Ja. Laing, servant at do.	0	1	0
George Gibson, smith, Slateford,	1	1	0
J. Allan, mealmaker do.	0	3	0
John Dawson, in do.	0	5	0
Thomas Thomson, roadmaker, do.	0	5	0
Ja. Phin, Wauker in do.	0	2	0
J. Swan, labourer, in do.	0	2	0
Rt. Young, do. do.	0	1	0
Ja Haig, baker, do.	0	2	6
Jn. Lawson, labourer do.	0	2	0
Ja. Marshall, do. do.	0	2	0
Thos. Craig, do. do.	0	2	0
WM'Laggan, wright, do.	0	2	6
Wm. Annandale, foreman, to Mr Balfour,	0	5	0
John Tait, do. do.	0	5	0
James Thomson, gardener to Dr. Monro,	0	5	0
Ja. Allan, servant to do.	0	2	0
Alex. Denham, do. do.	0	2	0
Thos. Murray, skinner,	0	5	0
Peter Plenderleith, Comiston,	2	2	0
Alexander Roger, servant to do.	0	1	0
Eben. Drummond, do. do.	0	1	0
John Shanky, do. do	0	1	0
Peter Ritchie, do. do.	0	1	0
Hugh Cunningham, do. do.	0	1	0
John Robertson, do. do.	0	1	0
John Mason, Redford,	0	10	6
John Samuel, servant to do.	0	1	0
Alex. Suttie, Woodhall,	1	1	0
John Russell, servant to do.	0	2	6
Wm. Sommerville, do. do.	0	1	0
Wm. Ritchie, Dreghorn,	1	1	0
Tho. Russell, servant to do.	0	1	0
James Stewart, do. do.	0	1	0
Dav. Beghie, do. do.	0	1	0
James Inglis, do. do.	0	1	0
Tho. Campbell, do. do.	0	1	0
James Mitchell, herd to do.	0	1	0
Geo. Stewart, labourer in do.	0	2	0
John Stewart, do.	0	2	0
Alex. Milne, gardener to Mr Trotter,	0	5	0
Geo. Good, servant to Mr Trotter, Swanston,	0	1	0
Wm. Lawrie, do.	0	1	0
Henry Good, do.	0	1	0
Peter Watson, do.	0	1	0
Alex. Elhonder, do.	0	1	0
Jo. Finnie, Bowbridge,	1	1	0
Arch. Lawrie, Snuffmill,	0	10	6
John Marshall, wright, Curriemuirend,	0	2	6
	L. 150	12	6

TO PARENTS.

Consulting the Health and Ease of their Children in that dangerous and prevalent Diforder,

THE HOOPING COUGH.

THE PROPRIETOR has cured upwards of 30,000 children in the space of four years, by virtue of his ROYAL HERBAL EMBROCATION, and it is recommended by the most respectable families in all parts of London, and almost every county in England, as the only remedy ever discovered for the removal of this species of infant affliction.

It is selected from the most innocent herbs and flowers—an outward application, so efficacious in its nature as to subdue the most virulent Hooping or fixed coughs—four or five times using will convince every parent of its efficacy—and the small space of three weeks will perform a perfect cure, without restriction of diet or use of any medicine;—and is so extraordinarily virtuous, that a single bottle will cure a child even in the worst state.

The Hooping Cough is well known to continue from six to twelve months, throwing the finest children into declines, or making cripples of them for life.

From the surprising number of successful cures, it is justly allowed to be the most effectual remedy ever submitted to the public at large.

Sold by J. ROCHE, the Proprietor and sole Inventor, Bloomsbury Square, and no where else in London, in bottles, signed and sealed, at 3s. 6d. sufficient for the cure of the child, and in proportion for any number, with proper directions for using it. Sold also by

J. BAXTER—Italian Warehouse, Edinburgh—

J. Allan, Dundee—P. Craigie, Montrose—J. Mennons, Glasgow.

The following Letter communicated by Mr R. Dickson, druggist, is submitted to public observation, as a further evidence of the great virtues of

WHITEHEAD's ESSENCE OF MUSTARD.

To Mr Dickson, Druggist, Dumfries,

On the 7th of January last, I was attacked with a severe rheumatism, excessive pain and swelling of all my joints, which confined me to my bed three weeks, experiencing no relief from a variety of medicines prescribed by a medical gentleman. I was advised by a friend to try WHITEHEAD's ESSENCE of MUSTARD, which I did, and in two days was so far recovered, that I could walk above a quarter of a mile, and by continuing it a little longer, I regained my former health and strength. I am, Sir, with much respect, your most obedient humble servant, JAMES MOFFAT.

Lockhorn, by Dumfries, 10th March 1798.

It is prepared by the KING's PATENT in pills, and also in a fluid state, at 2s. 9d. each box or bottle, and signed by the patentee, R. Johnston, apothecary, No. 20. Greek Street Soho, London, and is also sold by R. SCOTT, apothecary, S. Bridge, and A. Smith, Edinburgh, and R. Dixon and W. Inglis, druggist, Dumfries, Cave, Banff, Mitchell, Aberdeen; M'Intosh and Co. Inverness, and the vendors of medicine in all principal towns.

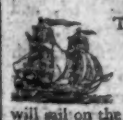
Under the Patronage of

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES

LOYAL YORK EMBELLISHED PATENT

WRITING PAPERS, FOR LETTERS, CARDS, &c. &c.

THOMAS BROWN, No. 1, North Bridge Street, having received a neat assortment of the above Papers, takes this public method of recommending them to the perusal of the Nobility and Gentry. At same time, he begs leave to add, That every other kind of Writing and Drawing Papers will be found at his shop, on reasonable terms.



AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,

The Edinburgh Glasshouse Company's Armed Brig

ARIADNE,

DAVID CUMMING Master,

Is now lying at Downie's Wharf, taking in Goods for Leith, Alloa, and places adjacent, and will sail on the 11th August 1798, with or without convoy.

The Ariadne is a fine stout vessel, an excellent sailer, and has good accommodation for passengers.

The Master to be found on 'Change, at 'Change hours—Mornings and evenings on board the ship.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,

The Old Shipping Company's Smack

BRITANNIA, A. 1. CKET,

ROBERT NISBET Master,

Will take in Goods all Saturday, and sail on Sunday morning at eight o'clock.

Old Shipping Company's Office, WILLIAM GRINLY Ag.

LEITH 1st Aug. 1798.

☞ There is no complaint to which Children, and frequently adults are more subject to than WORMS, and the different disorders they produce are really incredible; it must therefore be a matter of great moment, that a radical cure for destroying these pernicious animals has been found out, and that the eradicating the different species of them from persons of every age, will be effectually done by the use of WAIT's NUTS peculiarly recommended at the *Spring* and *Autumn* seasons.

They are sold at 1s. 1½d. the Packet, by

J. BAXTER, ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,

South Bridge, Edinburgh;

A. M'Donald, Glasgow,	T. Wright, Stirling,
J. Whitelaw, Greenock,	J. Fotheringhame, Dunfermline,
J. Wilson, Kilmarnock,	D. M'Pherson, Inverness,
Morrison & Son, Perth,	J. Dempster, Cupar,
Jo. Allan, and J. Swapp, Dundee,	J. Blyth, Leven,
J. Anderson, Aberdeen,	P. Craigie, Montrose,
J. Arbuthnot, Peterhead	W. Phorson, Berwick,
	J. Palmer, Kelso.

LONDON GAZETTE.

WAR-OFFICE, July 28. 1798.

17th Regiment of Light Dragoons—William Ogden to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Winter, who retires.

29th Ditto—J. G. Tolley to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Darley, who retires.

4th Regiment of Foot—Ensign George Baynham, from the 65th foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice O'Bryen, removed to the 60th foot.

5th Ditto—Ensign John Blashfield to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Jones, promoted.

16th Ditto—Quarter Master Serjeant Theophilus Cooper to be Quarter Master, vice Byrne, appointed Paymaster.

25th Ditto—Ensign Edward Daniel to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice R. W. Callander, who retires. Alexander James Callander to be Ensign, vice Daniel.

26th Ditto—Ensign T. J. Warde to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Boyes, who retires.

34th Ditto—Ensign Alexander Chancellour, from the 37th foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Whitby, promoted.

44th Ditto—Lieutenant Colonel Francis Erskine, from the 50th foot, to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Baillie, who exchanges.

48th Ditto—Edward Carteret, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice M'Lachlan, promoted in Colonel O'Connor's corps.

50th Ditto—Lieutenant Colonel Charles Baillie, from the 44th foot, to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Erskine, who exchanges.

76th Ditto—Ensign Charles Dickson, from the 13th foot to be Ensign, vice Auchmuty, who exchanges.

81st Regiment of Foot—Lieutenant Charles Abrams, from the 5th foot, to be Captain by purchase, vice Reynett, appointed Paymaster.

3d West India Regiment—Ensign Alexander Stevenson to be Lieutenant, vice Boys, promoted.

Perthshire Gentlemen and Yeomanry.

John Drummond, to be Major Commandant. Lawrence Oliphant, to be Captain. James Paterson, to be Lieutenant. Alexander Moncrieff, to be ditto. Alex. Murray to be Cornet. Thomas Young to be ditto.

Selkirkshire Gentlemen and Yeomanry.

Andrew Henderson, to be Cornet.

Arbroath Volunteers.

Second Lieutenant Peter Sturroch to be First Lieutenant, vice Grant, who resigns. John Andson, to be Second Lieutenant, vice Sturroch.

Loyal Dalmellington Volunteers.

Quintin M'Adam, to be Captain. David Woodburn, to be Lieutenant. John M'Adam to be Ensign.

First Battalion of the Dundee Volunteers.

Second Lieutenant Robert Sterling to be First Lieutenant, vice Keith, appointed to the Forfar militia. James Gray, to be Second Lieutenant, vice Sterling.

First, or Stormont Battalion of the Perthshire Brigade.

Allan M'Pherson, to be Lieutenant Colonel Commandant. John Rattary, to be Major.

Alyth Company.

George Cockburn Knight, to be Captain. William Ogilvie to be First Lieutenant. Robert Rattra, to be Second Lieutenant.

Meigle Company.

James Rattray to be Captain. Daniel Robertson to be First Lieutenant. David Duncan, to be Second Lieutenant.

Blairgowrie and Rattray Companies.

John Steel, to be Captain Lieutenant. John Rattray, to be First Lieutenant. James Scott, to be First Lieutenant. James Johnson, to be Second Lieutenant. James Dick, to be Second Lieutenant.

Carse of Gowrie Volunteers.

Longforgan Company.

George Paterson, to be Captain. Alexander Hunter, to be First Lieutenant. David Paterson, to be Second Lieutenant.

Errol Company.

Robert Drummond to be Captain. James Allen to be First Lieutenant. David Dow to be Second Lieutenant.

Kinfauns Company.

Thomas Hunter to be Captain. Anthony Dow to be First Lieutenant. John Duff to be Second Lieutenant.

Commissions in the Plymouth Dock and State Damerell Volunteer Association, signed by his Majesty. Dated July 5, 1798.

William H. Short to Major Commandant. Richard Nelson to be Captain. William Foot to be Captain. Nathaniel Grigg to be Lieutenant. William Hodge to be Lieutenant. James Glencross to be Lieutenant. John Billing to be Ensign.

—BANKRUPTS.—

Christian Slade and Sarah Barratt, Bristol, shopkeepers.
John Bonnel, of Newcastle upon Tyne, hatter.
Robert Grant, of South Shields, Durham, merchant.
Noble Reeve, of Leicester, grocer.
John Ashling, of Nottingham, miller.
William Morton, of Leicester, grocer.
Francis Saunders, of Surrey, dealer in stale beer.
John Graham Hewett, late of Bideford, Devon.

EXCHANGES, LONDON ON

Hamburgh	37	5	2½ U	*Dublin*	2½
Lisbon	65½			*Bank-money*	—
Oporto	65				

LONDON GAZETTE.

DOWNING STREET, July 28. 1798.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Sir James Craufurd, Baronet, to be his Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to the Circle of Lower Saxony, and resident with the Hans Towns.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, July 26. 1798.

A letter, of which the following is a copy, has been transmitted by Admiral Lord St Vincent, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's ships and vessels off Cadiz, to Evan Nepean, Esq. Secretary of the Admiralty.

Sea-Horse, June 27. 1798, Isle of Pantellaria, W. N. W, 12 leagues.

MY LORD,

AFTER a chace of twelve hours, and a close action of eight minutes, his Majesty's ship under my command, this morning at four o'clock, captured the Sensible, a French 36 gun frigate, 12 pounders, and 300 men, commanded by Monsieur Bourde, Capitaine de Vaisseau; was new coppered, copper fastened, and had a thorough repair at Toulon two months ago.

A General of Division, Baraguey D'Hilliers, with his suite, was on board, going to Toulon with an account of the capture of Malta.

The Sea-Horse's officers and men conducted themselves much to my satisfaction, and I received that assistance from Mr Wilmott, the First Lieutenant, which I might naturally expect from an officer who had been in nine actions, and received eight wounds.

Two masters mates and nine men belonging to the Culloden evinced the same steady courage as the crew of that ship have done on every occasion.

The inclosed is a list of the killed and wounded.

I have the honour to be, &c.

EDWARD JAMES FOOTE.

The Right Hon. Earl St Vincent, Admiral of the Blue, &c. &c.

Sea-Horse—1 seaman, 1 drummer, killed. Mr Willmott, First Lieutenant, slightly, 13 seamen, 1 corporal of marines, 1 private marine, wounded.

Sensible—18 killed. Mons. Bourde, Capitaine et Capitaine de Vaisseau, Second Capitaine, 35 men, wounded.

BERLIN, July 14.

The Queen of Prussia was yesterday safely delivered of a daughter, and her Majesty and the young Princess are as well as can be expected.

London

JULY 28.

NAUTICAL INTELLIGENCE.

Another Russian squadron, consisting of the following ships, under the command of Vice Admiral Teith, which sailed from Archangel the beginning of this month, are said to be on their passage to this country, but probably will be stationed to cruize between the coast of Norway and the Shetland islands:

Isidor,	74	Vice Admiral Teith. Captain Shapping.	
Severnoy Oroll,	74	——	Sweething.
Wesvolod,	74	——	Gravenss.
Asia,	66	——	Neledinskoy.
Pobada,	66	——	Michalowskoy.
FRIGATES.			
Pospechnoy,	44	——	Elphinston.
Shastliwoy,	44	——	Elliott.

All the ships of the latter squadron are new, having been lately built in the port of Archangel.

Sir Robert Calder is come home solely on account of ill health, and his intention has been known for three months.

Captain Foote was on his way to join Admiral Nelson when he fell in with la Sensible, off the south end of the island of Sardinia, on her passage from Malta to Toulon.

There were six very beautiful stands of silk colours found on board la Sensible. Just after she went into action, the French Captain applied to General d'Hilliers to allow some troops that were on board to assist in boarding the English frigate, to which he consented; but after eight minutes severe fighting close along-side each other, the Captain came to General d'Hilliers and told him that he must strike, as his men could fight no longer. The General answered by observing that he thought the honour of the Republican flag demanded a longer struggle.

La Sensible frigate was detained by Lord St Vincent. Such was the dispatch used in sending her to sea again, that she was re-victualled, manned, and re-commissioned on the very evening that she arrived off Cadiz.

General Baraguay d'Hilliers is arrived at Portsmouth. He was only third in command; Berthier is second.

General Baraguay d'Hilliers, who was taken in La Sensible French frigate, served under Buonaparte in Italy, and bore a part in the action of Rivoli, which ended so successfully on the part of the French.

As we have taken the *treasure* Buonaparte removed from Malta, we may now fairly conclude, that we have defeated the *chief object* of his expedition to that quarter.

The ship Earl of Mansfield, Captain Robertson, which sailed from Deptford in March last for Halifax, Nova Scotia, with some of the Royal Artillery on board, was attacked on her voyage by a large French brig privateer, of 18 guns and 200 men, when a desperate action ensued, and continued for a considerable time, till at length the Earl of Mansfield being totally disabled, and her ammunition exhausted, she was forced to strike. This ship, which made so truly gallant a resistance, carried only seven guns, and had no more than 40 men on board. The Captain, who conducted himself in the most spirited manner during the whole affair, was wounded, and one of the passengers killed. The same privateer captured another English vessel, laden with salt, bound for Newfoundland.

YARMOUTH, July 27.

This morning Admiral Lord Duncan, accompanied by his amiable daughter, Lady Onslow and daughter, Sir James Gordon and Lady, Mr and Mrs Mayores, and a large party, attended by all the officers of the fleet, went on board the Belliqueux, to dine, &c. Immediately on the appearance of the boats, all the ship's yards were manned; and on the gallant Admiral stepping on the quarter-deck, the Belliqueux fired a salute, after which all the ships gave three British cheers.—The company upon the shore was immense, and each departed with a heartfelt satisfaction for their morning's entertainment.

A few days ago, Sir Sidney Smith paid a visit to Tunbridge School, the place of his education. Dr Knox treated his gallant scholar with every respect due to his distinguished bravery. Sir Sidney could not help reminding Dr Knox, that he had often been chastised at school for playing with gunpowder. The bells of Tunbridge were rung at his entrance into the town, which he left reluctantly to dine with Prince William of Gloucester, and Sir Charles Grey, at Canterbury.

His Excellency the Turkish Ambassador, and his suite, went to Windsor, yesterday at eleven o'clock, in three coaches and four, on a visit to Sir William Parsons, in the Castle, where they breakfasted, and afterwards were conducted through the Cathedral, and viewed the different apartments in the Castle. They walked a considerable time on the Terrace. It being the first time of visiting the place, they appeared highly delighted.

Fifty of the senior boys of Westminster school go through the military exercises every morning, previous to the school hours, in the College Gardens adjoining the Dormitory.

Amongst the cruel vicissitudes which attend all sublunary things, but particularly pomp and power when carried to too great a length, the Roman Pontiffs afford a striking example.

The successors of St Peter, to an unlimited spiritual authority, added the following temporal advantages, we say temporal advantages, because great revenues and extensive power attended on such an immense patronage.

The Pope was assisted and obeyed by 72 Cardinals, all equal to Princes. They were obeyed by 130 Archbishops; 1017 Bishops; 144,000 monastries or religious houses, and 300,000 parishes, all these obeyed and paid homage to the Sovereign Pontiffs, a few centuries ago.

A writer of the last century observes—"That had the Pope in those days resolved to carry on some lasting war, he had only to lay an impost of six crowns a year on every monastery, and fifty-two on every parish, and it would amount to sixteen millions of crowns yearly income, and if out of every monastery he chose ten men, he would have an army of fourteen hundred and forty thousand men, which is more than any Potentate can do in the world except himself."

There is indeed more *real* greatness in the equanimity with which his Holiness in exile bears his fall than in the *ostentatious state* of the 13th century; but certainly history has seldom given a more striking instance of change not arising from accident, but from the changes that have taken place in the minds of men.

The United Irishmen at Paris seem desirous to revive the dispute respecting the country of Ossian, by making him a native of Ireland. This assumption must greatly incense the Scots, who claim the honour of the bard.

At Brentwood fair, on Wednesday and Thursday last, there was a very large show of cattle of all kinds: *the prices being kept up by the drovers*, but few of them were sold—14l. a-head was refused for the prime Irish oxen, and 12l. a-head for the best of the North Wales runts, which came up very fresh. The Scots sold freest, both of the Fife and West Highland kind. The horse fair was crowded with inferior horses, which were sold at a further reduction in price.

A well known old character in the county of Durham, lately deceased, possessed of property to the amount of 50,000l. and upwards, being waited on by a young gentleman of good family, to solicit his consent to an union with his only daughter, to the agreeable surprise of the young couple, invited the suitor to dinner, which consisted of half a leg of mutton. While it was at the fire, the old gentleman, knowing that flour was wanted for the demi-joint on the spit, and that his saxon had called for a dusting for seven years past, very deliberately held his periwig over the meat that while the operation of the dredging-box was performing by his only servant, the ornament of his head, and provision for his appetite might receive equal benefit.

Friday evening last, a melancholy accident happened at the house of one Bolton, in Spon-end, in Coventry, which was occasioned as we learn, in the following manner:—A youth, about eighteen years of age, on coming home to his friends, immediately on his entering the house, without any cause, began a dispute with his mother, and, after a short altercation, he, in the most brutal manner, struck her several times; during which the father came in, and endeavouring to protect his wife from the fury of his more than unnatural son-in-law, gave him so violent a blow, as it is supposed occasioned his death.

NATIONAL DEBT.

The Amount of the Capitals at the Bank, South-Sea, and India-Houses.				Interest per Ann.		
Bank Stock	11,642,400	0	0	814,968	0	0
5 per Cent Navy An.	28,121,289	15	8	1,406,064	9	9
4 per Cent Cons.	42,369,293	11	6	1,604,771	14	10
3 per Cent Cons.	235,245,570	14	5¼	7,057,367	2	5
3 per Cent Red.	63,649,698	16	4	1,909,490	19	3
New 5 per Cents	20,250,002	0	0	1,012,000	0	0
3 per Cent 1726	1,000,000	0	0	30,000	0	0
Long Annuities Expire Jan. 5, 1860.	13,695,583	8	4	978,255	19	2
Short Annuities Expire Jan. 5, 1808.	2,509,998	5	6	418,333	0	11
South Sea Stock	3,662,784	8	6	128,197	9	1
3 per Cent Old An.	11,907, 470	2	7	357,224	2	1
3 per Cent New	8,494,830	2	10	254,844	18	1
3 per Cent 1751	1,919,600	0	0	57,588	0	0
India Stock	6,000,000	0	0	630,000	0	0
Imperial 3 per Cent	7,572,633	6	8	225,079	0	0
Imperial Annuities Expire May 1. 1819.	2,300,000	0	0	230,000	0	0
Irish 5 per Cent	1,900,000	0	0	95,000	0	0
Irish Annuities Expire March 25, 1809.	50,400	0	0	84,000	0	0
Ditto Expire March 25, 1810.	257,825	0	0	26,304	3	4
Total	462,379,376	12	4½	17,334,388	18	11

Corrected to July 5. 1798.

FROM LORD ORFORD'S WORKS.

DETACHED THOUGHTS.

It is said that Congreve had too much wit in his comedies. It is a pity that no comic author has had the same fault.

A Gothic Cathedral strikes one like the enthusiasm of poetry; St Paul's like the good sense of prose.

A dead language is the only one that lives long: And it is unlike the dead; for, by being dead, it avoids corruption.

Of all the virtues, gratitude has the shortest memory.

There are play-things for all ages; the play-thing of old people is, to talk of the play-things of their youth.

History is a romance that is believed; romance a history that is not believed.

THIS DAY'S POST.

LONDON—July 30.

This morning we received French papers to the 27th instant. The public will be much disappointed to find that, notwithstanding the late date of these journals, they contain no certain intelligence relative to the Toulon expedition. It is merely stated as a report in several papers of the 26th and 27th, that Buonaparte had arrived at his destination.

According to the French accounts, the transports attached to the Toulon fleet sailed from Malta on the 16th of June, and Buonaparte followed them on the 17th. It is also said, that Admiral Nelson was seen on the same day off Syracuse. In this situation it is highly probable the fleets must have met; and if the dates be correct, we may every moment expect to hear very important intelligence from the Mediterranean.

After the termination of the conferences at Seltz, the French Ministers, Bonnier and Jean Debrie, notified to the Directorial Minister at Rastadt, that they were invested with full powers to conclude a peace with the Empire. Hitherto they had exhibited only powers for negociating.

On the 1st of Thermidor (July 20) the French Ministers delivered their reply to the last note of the Imperial Deputation.

In this answer the French Plenipotentiaries observe, that though a state have an acknowledged limit, it does not follow that they ought not to take measures for securing that limit. They remark, that France having been attacked, and having triumphed, she ought to adopt measures of precaution for the future; and that she may justly claim a compensation for the immense sacrifices she has been compelled to make in her own defence.

After observing that the Deputation of the Empire seem not to have understood the note transmitted by the French Legation on the 4th Messidor, the ministers of the Republic proceed to unite in one point of view the propositions contained in that note, and that of the 14th Floreal.

In the first place, they persist in every thing they have demanded respecting the navigation of the Rhine.

With regard to the islands of the Rhine, they gave up demanding the whole of them. They propose that the islands on the right side of the Rhine shall remain to the empire, those on the left to belong to France.

Referring to what was stated in their note of the 14th Floreal, the French Plenipotentiaries insist that Cassel, Fort Mars, and their territory, shall not be separated from Mentz; that the existence of Ehrenbrietstein being incompatible with that of Coblentz, the safety of the Republic requires its demolition.

They renew the demand of the renunciations detailed in the Note of the 14th Floreal, and particularly that the Empire shall stipulate in the treaty of peace the abandonment of all rights and claims whatsoever on such parts of Italy as now belong to Republics established in that country. They demand also, that Frikthal be ceded to the French Republic.

The French Ministers invite the Deputation of the Empire to take these propositions into their serious consideration, and terminate, by a clear and precise declaration, all uncertainty respecting the progress of the negociation.—This Note is signed by Bonnier, Jean Debrie, and Roberjot.

Mr Gerry, the American Envoy, had not left Paris on the 25th instant, though passports had been furnished him for that purpose on the 15th instant. These passports were accompanied by a letter from Talleyrand Perigord. In this the French Minister charges on the American Government the failure of the negociation; and in a postscript, dated three days after the letter, he adds, that fresh provocation is every day given to France, alluding to the defensive laws which America has lately passed respecting the arming of vessels, and the suspension of commerce with France. "Such is, however, the repugnance of the French Government to commence hostilities, (says Talleyrand,) that the Directory content themselves with only placing a momentary embargo on American ships, for which they may afterwards be indemnified."

PARIS, July 16.

They write from Brest, that the frigates Fraternite, Bellone, and the Aiguille cutter, sailed on the 18th of Messidor, at ten in the morning.

Four other frigates will also be ready to sail soon.—We have in this port 14 good ships of the line, rigged, and ready to go out to the Road; but they still want a number of cables!

It is said that Mr Gerry, the only one of the American Ambassadors now remaining in Paris has received his passport from the Directory, and will immediately quit France.

Citizen Volney is returned from America, and arrived at Paris.

It is said that the advice-boat, the Lodi, which was on its passage to Malta, with Tallien on board, has been taken by the English.

JULY 21.

Yesterday orders were read to the 17th military division, prohibiting them from attacking or insulting any person on account of his dress, or the manner of wearing his hair.

The convoy of Buonaparte left Malta on the 28th Prairial, (June 16. He sailed himself the next day, and he must have arrived at his destination by the 18th Messidor, (July 6.) for it is only at the distance of twenty days sail from Malta.—*Bein Informe.*

The Government have authorised the construction and the trial of a machine, destined to transmit ideas to a whole town, or to an assembled people. This machine is called the Speaking Town, or the Teleloque.

It is pierced with large mouths or openings directed towards every point. Through these openings a large cylinder is seen presenting its surface towards the openings. This cylinder is moved horizontally by a horse, which turns it in the bottom of the tower, and is covered successively with all the letters of all the words which compose the speech intended to be made to this people.

The letters are of a colossal size; Apres having made one complete circle, that is to say, after having appeared before all the openings, and in proportion as they arrive at the point of recommencement, the letters disappear from the cylinder, and are replaced by others, which are displayed in succession until the end of the speech.

4 THERMIDOR, JULY 22.

The English prisoners taken at Ostend have left Lisle, and are gone to Versailles and different places near Paris. They were to be exchanged, but the governments could not agree on the conditions.

It is reported on the authority of letters received at Grenoble from Marseilles, that there has been an engagement between the fleet commanded by Admiral Bruyeis and that commanded by Admiral Nelson. Those letters state that the action took place near Malta: that two of the English ships were sunk, and four taken, and that the force of Nelson is diminished three fourths.—*(Bien Informe).*

JULY 24.

It is pretty certain that the Turkish ambassador has come to demand explanations respecting the Toulon fleet. He lately had a long conference with the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

JULY 26.

Letters from Toulon of July 20, state, that Admiral Nelson was seen off Syracuse, on the 17th June, and not on the 13th June as has been reported.

It is just reported that Buonaparte has arrived at his destination.

The following is the speech made by Citizen Sieyes upon presenting his credentials to the King of Prussia:

"The credentials which I have the honour of delivering to your Majesty express the sentiments which animate the Directory of the French Republic towards your person. They announce also the motives which induced the Directory to confide to me the important and honourable mission which I am come to fulfil.

"I accepted this mission, because in my country I have constantly declared, to whatever function I was called, in favour of the system which tends to unite by intimate bonds the interests of France and of Prussia; because the instructions I have received being conformable to my political opinions, my ministry will be frank, loyal, and every way suitable to the morality of my character; because this system of union, on which the proper position of Europe, and perhaps the salvation of a part of Germany, depends, was that of Frederick the Second, great among Kings, immortal among men!—because this system is worthy of the wisdom and good intentions which marked the commencement of our reign.

"May the hopes of my Government not be disappointed, and my well-known sentiments be regarded by your Majesty as one title more to the confidence of your Ministers."

Arrived yesterday at Portsmouth, from the Channel fleet, to refit, his Majesty's ships Sanspareil and Saturn, of 74 guns each.

A sloop arrived at the Nore on Wednesday, passed the little squadron which on Monday sailed from Margate on a secret expedition. It was then near the Flemish coast standing to the northward.

Lord St Vincent lately captured a vessel from South America, which, among other articles of great value, contained a statue of the King of Spain in gold, designed as a present to his Majesty. The gallant tar, with a spirit worthy of himself, and honourable to his country, forwarded the statue to Cadiz, and, in a manner which may greatly enhance the value of the gift, solicited his Majesty's acceptance of it.

Dispatches were yesterday received at the Admiralty from Vice-Admiral Sir Hyde Parker, Commander in Chief on the Jamaica station, brought by the Plymouth lugger, which sailed from St Domingo on the 25th of June.

—STOCKS.—

BANK STOCK	225¾	INDIA STOCK	——
3 per cent. con.	48⅞ ¼	Long Ann.	14 5-16
4 per cent.	63¼	Short	6 9-16
5 per cent. Ann.	75⅞ ¼	Omnium	3¼ ⅛

This day (July 30.) at twelve o'clock,
3 per cent. con. 48⅛

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—AUGUST 2.

The London prints of to-day are very barren of intelligence. That which is most worthy noticing is the extracts from the Paris papers, the principal contents of which will be found above.

It is observeable that they contain various reports respecting BUONAPARTE's fleet, and that under Admiral NELSON, which represent the former to have gained a great victory over the latter. Such reports, however, deserve no credit, and are calculated only for the purpose of deluding the common people.

Our Ministry entertain the most sanguine hopes of Admiral NELSON coming up with BUONAPARTE; and of the result of such a meeting we soon hope to have an opportunity to congratulate the country.

COMPETITION OF PIPERS.

The annual Competition for Prizes given by the HIGHLAND SOCIETY of LONDON, to the three best performers on the Great Highland Bag pipe, was held in the Theatre-Royal here, on Tuesday last, in presence of a Committee of Judges, appointed by the HIGHLAND SOCIETY of SCOTLAND, and a numerous and respectable audience.

The first Prize, being a handsome pipe, adorned with a silver plate, upon which there has since been engraved the proper inscription, together with 40 merks in money, was adjudged by the Committee, and the pipe delivered by their Preses, in presence of the audience, to Donald M'Farchar piper to the 1st Battalion of the Scots Royals.

The second Prize, being thirty merks, was adjudged to John M'Gregor Junr. son of Peter M'Gregor, piper to Henry Balneaves Esq. of Edradour, who gained the first prize pipe ever competed for at Falkirk.

And the third Prize, being also 30 merks, was adjudged to Donald M'Lean, a boy of 13 years of age, son to Donald M'Lean, piper to the Highland Society.

From the great improvement made by the different performers on the Bag Pipe, since this annual competition has taken place, all the competitors who appeared were in general good players, and met with approbation from the Committee and the company present.

The audience were also much pleased, and entertained with the dancing of Highland Reels, which were very properly introduced between the acts. Several young Highlanders having displayed much dexterity and neatness in this mode of dancing, were gratified and rewarded by applauses from the company present, and premiums from the Committee.

After defraying the expence of the prizes, &c. the overplus of the sum given by the London Society, together with a very considerable sum arising from the sale of tickets, was divided by the Committee among the unsuccessful Candidates, and other performers who had formerly got Prize Pipes, for encouraging them to further exertions and improvements in this ancient martial music, so necessary to be patronised, particularly at present, when so many loyal bands of Highlanders are embodied and raising under their proper Chieftains, for defence of their King and Country.

—TO THE PUBLIC—

THE PUBLISHER of the CALEDONIAN MERCURY presents his respectful acknowledgements to the PUBLIC for the very liberal patronage he has hitherto experienced. The Caledonian Mercury dates its commencement 8th JANUARY 1661, which is probably as ancient as that of any newspaper now extant. The present Proprietor anxious that it should retain the reputation, and merit the support, by which it has hitherto been distinguished, and sensible that authentic and early intelligence, with a quick mode of circulation, are essential recommendations to a newspaper, has made such arrangements as will enable him to attain these, and supply his subscribers in the north of Scotland, with the intelligence received from London, and elsewhere, on the morning of the day of publication, notwithstanding the early hour at which the mail is in future to be dispatched from Edinburgh to the north country. This will be attended with considerable additional expence; but feeling it a duty he owes the Public, he dispenses with that consideration, in hopes of accommodating his subscribers to their wish.

The present period is the most important in the history of the political world; neither have there occurred since the commencement of the Christian æra more interesting incidents than those now passing in the systems of morality. Not a day elapses without producing some important change, some event great in itself, and still greater in its consequences.—The nations of the world are in agitation, and mankind are looking on in silent astonishment, waiting the event.

At such a crisis it is not surprising that the mind of man is wrought up to the highest pitch of anxiety. The intelligence of this day makes him only so much more desirous for that of to-morrow, and thus the politician and the moralist are alike anxious for next day's mail.

It is to meet the wishes of both these characters, that the Publisher has determined to make this exertion to dispatch his paper at so early an hour. But there is another class of readers which he is not less anxious to please, that is the MERCANTILE BODY. One day's post is often to the Merchant and the Man of Business of the first importance; it is therefore his anxious desire to afford them the earliest information which he shall study to obtain from the most authentic sources.

By this arrangement he will also be enabled to supply his Subscribers in *Town, Leith*, and *neighbourhood* at an early hour in the forenoon. In order, however, to enable him more effectually to attain this, he requests his ADVERTISING FRIENDS will be so obliging as send their orders to the Printing Office early on the day previous to that of publication, to prevent any disappointments.

July 30.

Married at Culloden House, on the 26th ultimo, HUGH ROBERT DUFF, of Muirtown, Esq. to Miss SARAH LOUISA FORBES, only daughter of Arthur Forbes of Culloden, Esq.

Captain Milne, late of La Pique, is appointed to command La Seine, of 50 guns, which he, in company with the Jason, captured a few days since going into Havre-de-Grace.

Arrived at the Star Inn, Glasgow—The Marquis of LORN, Lord John CAMPBELL, Marquis DE FITZJAMES, Count DE HAUFRONVILLE, Count ALEXANDRE DE LATOUCHE, Chevalier D'AVARY, &c.

On Thursday last, the ROYAL AIR VOLUNTEERS commanded by Major WEBSTER, were reviewed by Major General DRUMMOND, in presence of the Right Hon. the Earl of EGLINTOUN and several other Field Officers, who, with the General were highly pleased with the alertness and propriety with which they went through their various evolutions and firings.

The Collection at the Anniversay Sermon, preached by the Rev. Mr STRUTHERS before the Edinburgh Missionary Society, on Wednesday the 25th ult. amounted to 78l. 16s. 5d.

We understand that the Company of Proprietors of the Forth and Clyde Navigation, have offered their service to Government, by engaging to give every dispatch to vessels, which may be employed by Government in conveying troops and military stores, by the canal between the east and west coast of the island, and by allowing all vessels so employed to pass free of canal dues.

A letter from an officer on board of the Success frigate, arrived at Portsmouth from Cadiz, dated Spithead, July 26, to his friend in Glasgow, says, "Just before we made sail from Cadiz, a flag of truce came off from the Spanish admiral, to inform Lord ST VINCENT that Admiral NELSON had fallen in with BUONAPARTE's fleet, and taken six ships of the line and seventy transports. We have now on board the General BARRAGUAY D'HILLIERS, with his two aides-de-camp, and all the regalia, &c. of Malta, taken in the Sensible French frigate by the Seahorse. The war is carried on at Cadiz with as much politeness as possibly can be. Flags of truce pass daily between the two Commanders in Chief, conveying compliments and presents. On our side, we do not molest their little trading and fishing vessels; on theirs, they supply us with fish, fruit, and vegetables of all kinds. The officers of the ships who have been long there, even send in their cloaths to wash, which are faithfully returned."

An ingenious artist has lately discovered, that magnetic attraction has a very powerful influence on the due performance of watches, and that the balance-wheel has, in many instances, a great degree of polarity. This discovery may be of considerable advantage in improving the correctness of time-keepers.

Best meal in Edinburgh market 1s. 1½d. per peck.

MID-LOTHIAN ROYAL VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

At a period when the art of war seems to hinge almost entirely upon artillery, the boasted fort of our implacable enemies, it must give peculiar pleasure to every true Briton to learn, that, even in this department, the loyal exertions of our volunteer corps will not brook superiority.

The MID LOTHIAN ROYAL VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY, commanded by Captain PLENDERLEATH, were inspected upon Friday last, along with Colonel HAY's battalion, by Major General VYSE, and honoured with that General's most unqualified approbation. One of their brigades having acted with the battalion that evening, had previously given a specimen of their steadiness, discipline, and address. The precision with which they fired the salute, the quick and steady fire which they supported, in covering the column in its retreat and respective movements, while it received the encomiums of the Reviewing General and military men upon the field, proved highly gratifying to the numerous spectators, and added much to the excellence of the general effect.

It is but doing justice to this corps of artillery to remark, that, in their frequent practice with ball, they have not been less successful in acquiring the approbation of military men.

BRECHIN VOLUNTEERS.

We hear from Brechin, that a meeting of the inhabitants of that place was called together upon the 9th alt. by the MAGISTRATES in the Town Hall to consider of a mode of internal defence, and also for repelling all foreign invasion. When Mr DUNDASS's letter being read to the meeting, about two hundred of the most respectable and loyal inhabitants of the town came forward, and inrolled themselves to serve as a volunteer corps under the LORD LIEUTENANT of the county, or any of his deputies, and also, in case of foreign invasion or imminent danger thereof, to serve under Major-General HAY, in the northern district.—Thereafter the corps formed themselves into three companies, when their offer of service was sent by the MAGISTRATES to the Right Hon. LORD DOUGLAS, Lord Lieutenant of the county, to be by him transmitted to Government.

EDINBURGH RACES.

MONDAY—The City of Edinburgh's Plate of 50l. was run for, and won by

Major Cathcart's Wirley,	2	1	1
Mr Imry's Sparrowhawk,	1	3	2
Mr Nicolson's Icelander,	4	2	3
Mr Dickson's brown horse,	3	4	dr.
Mr Oswald's bay horse,	5	dr.	

This race was keenly contested.

TUESDAY—His Majesty's Purse of 100 Guineas.

Colonel Hamilton's Mr Robert,	1	1
Lady Williamson's Sloven,	2	2
Mr Maxwell's Young Star,	3	3
Mr Maule's Hippopotamus,	dr.	
Mr Imry's Contractor,	dr.	

WEDNESDAY—The Noblemen and Gentlemen's purse of 50l.

Sir H. Williamson's Hambledon,	1	1
Mr Maxwell's Arab,	2	2
Mr Maule's Hippopotamus,	dist.	
Mr Maule's Pitforthie,	dr.	
Colonel Baird's Alburn,	dr.	
Mr Imry's Contractor,	dr.	

A Hack Race succeeded the above. Three horses started, but did not afford so good sport as was expected.

The town is very thin of company, the circumstances of the times requiring the attendance of gentlemen at their military stations.

Yesterday a gentleman's carriage and horses fell over the Pier of Leith, into the harbour at ebb tide. Two gentlemen and two boys were in the carriage, but fortunately none of them received any injury. The horses also escaped without hurt, but the carriage was considerably damaged. The driver leaped from the horses on the Pier, a moment before they fell over.

BERWICK, July 28.

On Friday last two ladies, who went to bathe in the sea here, ventured incautiously into the water, and soon getting beyond their depth, were in the most imminent danger of perishing. Happily a young man of this town perceived their perilous situation from the top of the adjacent banks. He instantly rushed to their assistance, and after throwing off his jacket, plunged into the sea, and by his humane and active exertions brought them both on shore. The ladies, one of whom was in the evening seized with alarming symptoms, are now in a fair way of recovery.

IRELAND.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—July 27.

Mr ATTORNEY GENERAL called the attention of the House to two measures of some importance to the country at the present crisis; the one was the case of certain persons who had been active in promoting the present rebellion, and to whom Government, in that spirit of lenity which had indeed so signally marked its conduct through the whole of this business, and under which it had been led to hold out offers of amnesty to induce the deluded to return to their allegiance, rather than pursue them by that vengeance which their crimes had deserved, had given to these persons, now in prison, the alternative of banishment for life from his Majesty's dominions rather than prosecute them to that conviction and capital punishment, which in strict justice awaited their guilt. The other measure was, that of rendering the property of those, who, by their activity in the rebellion itself, had been immediately instrumental in the plunder and ruin of the King's loyal subjects, responsible so far as it would go in aiding the benevolence of the crown to compensate the injuries sustained by the loyal and well disposed—and by a bill of attainder, vesting that property so forfeited, in the hands of the crown, who, there could be no manner of doubt, would exert the royal discretion and prerogative for the relief of those loyal subjects who had gallantly risked their lives, and sustained ruin to their property in resisting rebellion.—With respect to the former measure, he moved for leave to bring in a bill to prevent the return to this kingdom of all persons, who either in consequence of a commutation of sentence, actual conviction, or compromise, should be transported out of this kingdom for high treason, and to prevent their going into any enemy's country.—Leave given.

With respect to the latter measure, he said it would be necessary to examine some evidence at the bar, in order to justify on the clearest grounds the measure he was about to introduce. The persons to whom he should allude in this bill were, first—Lord Edward Fitzgerald—the others were Beauchamp Bagenal Harvey and Cornelius Grogan, Esqrs. late of the county of Wexford, now deceased, but the whole of whom were notoriously active in the rebellion. He then moved, "That General Craddock be called to the bar."

The General accordingly attended, and being desired by Mr Speaker to state to the House what he knew concerning the guilt of Beauchamp Bagenal Harvey and Cornelius Grogan, late of the county Wexford, during the late rebellion in that county stated—"That he was himself President of that Court-Martial at which these persons were tried; and that it appeared in evidence before them, that Bagenal Harvey was Commander in Chief of the rebel army at the battle of Ross, where he directed the summons in his own handwriting for the King's troops to surrender; that he afterwards appeared in that battle leading a considerable body of horse against the King's troops; and several commissions signed by him appointing officers of the rebel staff were produced in evidence."

It appeared also in evidence against Cornelius Grogan, "That he was appointed and acting as Commissary General to the rebel army in the county of Wexford, procured for them provisions, forage, and other necessaries; that it appeared in evidence he had called at the house of a woman near Wexford town, and pointed out certain parts of her property which she was to retain for her own use, but ordered her to send all the rest into the town for the use of the insurgent forces; that he had given written passes in his own hand-writing and signed with his name, to several persons coming into the town.

General Craddock withdrew, and

Mr Thomas Reynolds (the same who gave evidence for the Crown on the late trials of M'Can, Byrne, and Bond) was called to the bar, and interrogated by Mr Speaker whether he knew any thing and what touching any concern or guilt of Edward Fitzgerald (commonly called Lord E. Fitzgerald) in the present rebellion? answered in the affirmative. He said, that Lord Ed. Fitzgerald acted as Commander in Chief of the rebels, and had appointed him; the witness, a Colonel of the rebel army, by a commission under his command; that he had also procured his appointment as treasurer to the funds of the rebels in the county of Kildare, by the election of certain persons appointed to call on him; and that a morning or two after this election, Lady E. Fitzgerald sent for witness, and paid into his hands two several sums which had remained in the hands of Lord Edward Fitzgerald as preceding treasurer; that Lord Edward, on resigning to him the treasurership, had expressed some anxious apprehensions that Government had marked him, and designed to take him up, and said he wished immediately to get off to France, in order to hasten the invasion of Ireland, which he could do through his intimacy with Talleyrand Perigord."

Here the witness was ordered to withdraw, the ATTORNEY-GENERAL saying he intended to reserve the great body of this man's evidence for a more solemn occasion; and he moved for leave to bring in a bill of attainder for high treason against the property of the said persons,—Leave given.

Mr BARRINGTON rose and said, it was nonsense to talk of the *late* rebellion. It was a deception on the credulity of the House to say the rebellion was at an end; it was no such thing. He had a document of indisputable veracity in his hand to prove the existence of rebellion in arms at this very instant; it was a memorial, signed by the High Sheriff and above 50 respectable inhabitants of the county of Carlow, stating, amongst other things, "That rebellion still existed in all its horrors in that county, and that even within three miles of the town of Carlow, scarcely a night passes unmarked by some new and atrocious instance of murder, outrage, plunder, or devastation, by the rebels, who were only deterred from entering and destroying the town by the strength of the military force there, who form the only protection of the inhabitants. They state also, that, so far from the late amnesty proclamation of the 30th June having any effect, though all the lower orders of the people in that county had taken the United Irishman's oath, and were deeply implicated in the rebellion, yet not above 80 had surrendered under the proclamation; and of this number few or none had surrendered their arms. To any measure of necessary or prudent lenity, no man would be less ready to object than himself; but he did not think that lenity quite seasonable which preceded the total suppression of the rebellion. Let us, said he, subdue the rebels in resistance first, and when we have them effectually down, it will be time enough to shew our mercy. He concluded by moving, "That the proper officer do lay before the House an account of the number of persons and quantity of arms surrendered under the late proclamation of amnesty."

The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER vindicated the conduct of Government, whose measures, through the whole of this arduous conflict had met the approbation and support of that House, and whose good intentions, in acting for the best, according to circumstances, were still, from a comparative of the past, entitled to credit for the future. At least, the present was not the time, nor in his mind the occasion, to express a diffidence in the wisdom of Government, and acting with the best intentions to the best of its judgment, and for the most desirable of all purposes—the restoration of tranquillity.

Mr BARRINGTON said, he had spoken his sentiments in the sincerity of his heart, but should not for the present press his motion, or now bring forward the measure he had intended on a former day, until time and circumstances should amply justify it.

The conversation ended, and the House adjourned.

DUBLIN, July 28.

On Sunday last KEARNS, the priest, and PERRY, the Wexford rebel General, were hanged by the sentence of a Court Martial at Edenderry.

Monday evening near 500 of the Guards, with two field-pieces, marched from Waterford for the county of Tipperary.

Letters from Wicklow give an account of an action having taken place on Wednesday, between the Talborstown cavalry, and 50 of the rebels, well mounted; and that twenty of the latter had been killed.

The yeomanry, throughout the kingdom, are to be reviewed with all expedition, in order that from a minute return to Government, it may be ascertained what force it may be necessary to employ for the suppression of the rebellion—should lenient measures unfortunately fail in accomplishing that important and desirable object.

A letter from Kilkenney, dated on Wednesday last, says that in consequence of intelligence being received at Clonmel, that a large body of rebels had taken a position near Nine Mile House, Sir Charles Asgill went out with a detachment of Wicklow militia, Homepesch cavalry, and Kilkenny infantry; and Gen. MYERS at the head of the Callen yeomen and a few Louth militia. Before the latter reached the spot, Sir CHARLES had routed the rebels, and put them to flight. Gen. MYERS fell in with some stragglers, whom he took prisoners. A few of them who were found with pikes in their hands, were immediately executed.

The same letter says, that on the preceding night (Tuesday last), another express had arrived, advising that a very large body of insurgents had formed near Shlievenamon-mountains, and were advancing, apparently with a design to attack Callan.—Gen. Sir CHARLES ASGILL had marched against them, with the Cheshire fencibles, Glengary fencibles, Wicklow militia, the 9th dragoons, and the Homepesch and Kilkenny infantry. No doubt was entertained of their success; but no account whatever had been received from them at ten o'clock on Wednesday night.

It is believed that not less than thirty thousand have fallen in this horrid insurrection; of these, two thousand were regular troops and militia.—There has been no return of the yeomanry.

A gentleman who was upon Vinegar hill a few days after the battle, draws a truly horrible picture of that spot! Human carcases, torn in pieces by the cannon, and mingled with those of horses, cattle, swine!—too hideous for description.

Major-General NUGENT, commanding the northern district, has published the following notice:

"Whereas a great many of the leaders and principal agitators in the rebellion, have secreted themselves in the county Down, and go through the country during the night to persuade and force the people to rise again in arms; I hereby offer a reward of fifty guineas for the apprehension of each of the following persons. I also warn the inhabitants of the county in general, that if any of them are convicted of harbouring one or more of those persons, or knowing where they are, and do not give immediate notice to the officer commanding at the nearest post, they will suffer as capital offenders, and their property be destroyed. Should any person be weak or wicked enough to join these desperate outlaws, either by force or from inclination, he cannot expect mercy; and I therefore conjure every one to give immediate information against such persons as may go through the country for the purposes above mentioned, and also to do all in their power to take them up.

"If the people do not attend to this warning, they will have none but themselves to blame for the distresses brought on their families."

Similar notices have been issued by Major General NUGENT, for the counties of Antrim and Derry, and to all the three are subjoined the names of the persons proscribed.

GARRISON ORDERS.

DROGHEDA, JULY 19.

Major-General WEMYS has orders from Major-General CAMPBELL, to return his best thanks to the troops who marched out of Drogheda on the 13th inst. to attack a body of rebels reported to be about Duleek; for their spirited exertions to come up with the enemy.

Major-General WEMYS begs leave to express particular obligations to Colonel MAXWELL and the Dumfries-shire cavalry, for their conduct on the occasion; and he regrets their having had the misfortune to have had some of their gallant soldiers wounded in their spirited attack upon the advanced guard of the rebels.

He feels himself much indebted to the spirit and good conduct of the Drogheda, Ballygarth, and Termainfecken yeomanry, and cannot help thanking the Sutherland fencible Highlanders for the cheerfulness with which the sustained a very fatiguing march.

CORK, July 25.

Of the ten privates of the Westmeath militia who were lately tried here, four are to be shot, four transported, one to receive 1000 lashes, and one acquitted.

Yesterday Major General MYERS arrived in town from Dublin; we understand that he was attacked by a party of rebels, about the Nine-mile-house, near Clonmell; which, with a few of the military and a small party of the yeomanry, he routed, having killed fourteen of their number, and wounded several.

Shipping Intelligence.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

July 30. Betsey, Robertson, from Dunbar, goods—Friendship, Fowles, from Perth, barley—Good Intent, Small, from Anstruther, beans——31. Elisabeth, Dick, from Lerwick, goods—Leith Packet, Scott, from London, do—Helen, Wishart, from Peterburgh, do—Beaufoy, M'Laren, from Hull, do—Two Brothers, Robb, from Stavigo, do—Elisabeth, Jack, from Portsoy, oats—Brittania, Nisbet, from London, goods—Inverness, Crear, from Inverness, do—Adventure, Hutton, from Petersburgh, do—Bursall, Thomson, from Newcastle, wheat—Oughton, Jarvie, from Hull, wine—Jenneys, Thomson, from Petersburg, goods—Nelly, Burns, from Ayr, do——August 1. Dutcous, Wood, from Dantzic, do—Frederick Louisa, Broderson, from Rafterezer, timber—Fortune, Lyderson, from do do—Four sloops with coals.

ARRIVED AT GRANGEMOUTH.

July 23. Dempster, Cochran, from Hamburgh, goods.
Thames, Shannon, from London, do.
24. Grafton, Pyle, from St Petersburgh, deals.

SHETLAND.

The following vessels are arrived from the Whale Fishing, in Davis's Straits:

July 12. Vigilant, Clay, of Lond. with 10 whales, in Scallaway Bay.
Brothers, Marshall, of Hull, 12 ditto, ditto.
13. Dundee, Scorsby, of London, 36 ditto, in Bressey Sound.
14. Kent, Baillie, of ditto, 3 ditto, ditto.
15. Lively, Scott, of ditto, 17 ditto; ditto.
16. Britannia, Scott, of ditto, 17 ditto, ditto.
Simms, Dickson, of ditto, 10 ditto, ditto.
Speedwell, Fleck, of and from Whitby, to Archangel.

From Greenland,

Prince of Wales, cutter, of London, 13 whales.
Molly, Sadler, of Hull, 19 ditto.
Traveller, Armstrong, of Hull, 16 ditto.
18 Brisset, Kitchen, of London, 6 ditto.
Experiment, Bell, of Lynn, 1 ditto.
19. Dingwall, Morris of London, 21 ditto.
Success, Clark of ditto, 12 ditto.
Nancy, Mackrelaige of ditto, 17 ditto.
Fanny, Taylor of Hull, 9 ditto.
Maria, Wilkinson of ditto, 12 ditto.
20. Countess Sutherland, Mackie of Aberdeen, from Leith and Aberdeen, with passengers, &c. and the mails, in Brassay Sound.

The Betsy, Arthurson, of Lerwick, from Leith, was in Vaila Sound on the 18th, with salt for the fishery.

Theatre-Royal.

On FRIDAY EVENING, being
THE LAST NIGHT BUT ONE
of Performing this Season,
will be presented a TRAGEDY called
THE ORPHAN.

Castalio,	Mr POPE
Chamont,	Mr WOODS
And Monimia,	Mrs POPE

To which will be added,
THE RIVAL SOLDIERS.
The Part of Nipperkin by Mr KNIGHT.

ON SATURDAY,
Being positively the Last Night of Mr and Mrs KNIGHT's Engagement; and also of the Company's performing till next winter——
Will be presented, the OPERA of
INKLE AND YARICO.

Inkle,	Mr POPE
Sir Christopher Curry,	Mr KEMBLE
Trudge,	Mr KNIGHT
Yarico	Mrs POPE
Wowski	Mrs KNIGHT

To which will be added,
THE HONEST THIEVES.

WANTED TO BORROW,
FROM L. 1400 to L. 1400 Sterling, on the security of land lying in the County of Stirling.
Apply to John Macnab, W.S.

A COACH FOR SALE.
A GENTEEL LIGHT COACH, and in perfect good condition.
To be seen at Cameron's Stables, below the North Bridge.

CARRIAGE HORSES FOR SALE.
A PAIR Young, Handsome, Black CARRIAGE HORSES, four and five years old, warranted sound, thoroughly broke, and fit for immediate use.
To be seen at Smith's Stables, Pleasance.—If not sold privately, they will be exposed at his sale, on Wednesday next.

TWEEDDALE TURNPIKE ROADS.
A MEETING of the TRUSTEES on the LINTON and NOBLEHOUSE DISTRICTS is to be held at Nobleshouse on Friday 10th of August, at one o'clock, on business of importance, at which all the Trustees are requested to attend.

SEQUESTRATIONS, &c.

Creditors of JOHN WEIR, Merchant in Glasgow, to meet in the counting-room of Francis Blaikie, merchant there, on the 20th of August, at two P. M. to decide upon an offered composition of 10s. in the pound.

—— BENJAMIN M'BEAN, Haberdasher, Aberdeen, to meet in the trustee's house there, on the 20th August, to receive dividends.

—— ROBERT BROWN, Merchant, Hillhead of Brechin, to meet in the trustee's house there, on the 4th of September to receive thier dividends.

To the CREDITORS *of*

WILLIAM MONTEITH, late Vintner at Cumberland Inn, deceased.

THE Trustees appointed by the Creditors of the said William Monteath, having now made up a scheme of division, for the first dividend amongst the Creditors who have lodged their claims, voucher of debt, and oaths of verity thereon, and which scheme and copy thereof lie with Mr George Smith, writer in Glasgow, and James Henderson, writer in Falkirk, for the inspection of the Creditors till the 20th of August next, after which day the dividends will be paid to the Creditors, against whose claim no objections are stated.

24th June, 1798

TO DEBTORS AND CREDITORS.

JOHN LANG, Sheriff-Clerk of Selkirkshire being empowered to collect the debts due to JAMES BARTY, late Tenant in South Dean, and pay off the debts due by him at his death, it is requested that such as are indebted to Mr Barty will make payment to Mr Lang on or before the first of September next; and these who have any claims against him will be so good as lodge notes of their debts, and how constitute, with Mr Lang, betwixt and that time, that steps may be taken for their immediate payment.

Not to be repeated.

SALE OF THE

LANDS AND ESTATES OF LEUCHARS, DUNKINTY, SAINT ANDREWS, CALCOATS, AND HARVIESHAUGH,

Lying in the County of Moray, and in the close neighbourhood of the Town of Elgin.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 20th day of November next, betwixt the hours of six and eight o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of LEUCHARS, DUNKINTY, SAINT ANDREWS, CALCOATS, and HARVIESHAUGH, lying within the parishes of Elgin, Urquhart, and Saint Andrews, and county of Moray, in one or more lots, as purchasers may incline.

These Estates are of considerable extent, and of the following yearly value:

	STERLING.
Money rent of lands in occupation of tenants,	L. 1004 17 4
Victual rent of lands in occupation of tenants; 125 bolls 1 firlot 1 peck barley and oats, at five firlots to the boll, converted at 15s. per boll,	93 19 8 1-12th.
137 hens, and carriages at 1s. each,	6 17 0
In occupation of tenants,	L. 1105 14 0 1-12th.
Arable land under crop in the heritor's possession, 52 acres 2 roods 21 falls, at 15s. per acre,	39 9 4
Nursery ground and small garden, do. valued at	5 0 0
183 acres, or thereby, of plantations, clumps and belts of thriving wood, from fourteen to eighteen years old, for the most part on arable or improveable land, which would yield, independent of the wood, 10s. the acre at an average,	91 10 0
Ground whereof the improvement is going on, ten acres, at 10s. the acre	5 0 0
	L. 1246 13 4 1-12th.

DEDUCTIONS.

Money-stipend to minister of Saint Andrews,	L. 10 14 2	6-12
23 bolls 3 firlots ½ peck bear, at 15s. per boll,	17 16 8	
Schoolmaster's salary,	0 13 10	
Feu-duty out of Leuchars to the Lord of Erection,	1 17 9	4-12
One boll bear to ditto,	0 15 0	
Stipend payable to the minister of Elgin	3 6 8	
	35 4 1	10-12ths.
Free rent, Sterling,	L. 1211 9 2	5-12ths.

The Lands of Leuchars, Saint Andrews, and Harvieshaugh hold of the Crown, and afford considerably more than two free hold qualifications. Dunkinty and Calcoats hold blench of the Duke of Gordon, for payment of one penny Scots yearly, and the entry of heirs and singular successors is taxed to ten merks Scots in full.

The whole of this property is of a most grateful and rich soil, pleasantly situated along both banks of the river Lossie, from Elgin downwards to within little more than a mile of the sea. The fields are interspersed with plantations of most thriving trees of a variety of kinds. There is a substantial and convenient mansion-house on Leuchars, with ample offices of all kinds, lately built, within three miles of the harbour and fish towns of Lossiemouth and Stotfield, and somewhat less of the town of Elgin, where there is the finest daily fish market, and regular markets for butcher meat and other provisions of all kinds, plentiful and cheap.

The property on the different sides of the river is connected by a bridge, lately erected by the proprietor. The lands in general are occupied by very substantial tenants, and in a progressive state of improvement, so as to insure a great advance of rent on new leases.

The teinds of the whole lands were valued early in the last century, and these valuations have been approven. Those in the parishes of Elgin and Saint Andrews are exhausted, and the heritor has right to the teinds of his lands in the parish of Urquhart.

The Estate of Leuchars has an unlimited right over a wide extent of low moss, called the Mosses of Upper and Nether Mefts, to the exclusion of all others, excepting a few neighbouring farms. These mosses may be drained and improved at a trifling expence, and the share that in this event must fall to these lands must be extensive and valuable. The Loch of Cotts joins this estate, and by co-operation with the neighbouring heritor may also be drained at a small expence, whereby a great extent of land used as pasture at present (being overflowed in the winter time) would be rendered the best arable land; and besides, a large acquisition would be obtained from what is at present constantly under water. These operations would add at least 80l. Sterling of yearly value to this property.

The low part of the county of Moray is admitted to be the best and earliest climate in Scotland. It is undoubtedly a most plentiful and pleasant country, and the land advancing rapidly in value. These lands are particularly well situated for every kind of improvement. A cahal from the sea to the town of Elgin may be brought through them at a very moderate expence, there being but a very few feet of fall, and the river Lossie passing gently for a great part of the interjected space through the grounds of these estates.

Few properties in the possession of a private person occupy so compact and extensive a quarter of such a country. The farm houses and steadings are generally suitably laid down, and in much better repair than is usual in the north of Scotland. The extensive plantations on the Barflat hills, (which are in the best preservation, and surrounded with a thriving thorn hedge) are advancing to great beauty, commanding a most extensive and picturesque view of the windings of the river Lossie, the rich and fertile country along its banks, and the town of Elgin, with the magnificent ruins of the old Cathedral of Moray.

There is to be sold at the same time,

A FEU at LOSSIEMOUTH, whereupon a substantial lime shade, coal cellar, and small loft have been erected.

For farther particulars apply to James Chalmer, Esq. Abingdon Street, London; Mr Thomas Sellar, writer in Elgin; or to John Innes, writer to the signet, the proprietor, who will be ready to treat by private bargain.

These estates will be afterwards advertised in separate lots. The lands in the vicinity of Elgin in small lots, or in such ones as intending purchasers may suggest.

N. B.—Ten thousand pounds Sterling of the price may remain in the purchaser's hands for a fixed number of years, and a 200l. more for answering an annuity.

ROUP OF CORNS, &c. *AT SPRINGFIELD,*

Near South Queensferry, on Thursday 9th August 1798.

To be SOLD by Auction,

THE GROWING CROP of OATS, WHEAT, BARLEY, POTATOES, PEASE, and BEANS; also the WORK HORSES, and FARMING UTENSILS, which are of the best quality and construction.

At same time will be Sold, the RIGHT to Sow Wheat and Barley for next season after the potatoes, and on ground now fallow. Likewise a large quantity of STRAW.

The usual credit will be given; and it is requested of intending purchasers to appear punctually at half past 10 o'clock, A. M. as the extent of the sale will require much time.

UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday 29th August 1798, at seven o'clock evening,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of LAURESTON, and MILL and MILL LANDS of TROTTICK, lying in the parish of Lonforgan, and shire of Perth, about eight miles west from Dundee, and three from Polgavie, a shipping port in the Carse of Gowrie.

The lands consist of 300 acres or thereby, of which nearly 80 are under planting, chiefly above 21 years old, in the most thriving condition.

Since the property was last advertised, a bed of marle, not exceeding three feet from the surface, has been discovered on the lands of Laureston, which will greatly enhance the value of the subjects. There is an excellent freestone quarry on the estate.

There is a good Mansion-house on Laurestone, and a Garden, consisting of about three-fourths of an acre, inclosed with high walls, covered on both sides with fruit-trees of the best kinds; and the steadings and office-houses are in good repair.

This estate commands an agreeable view of the river Tay.

The lands hold of subjects superior for payment of very trifling feu-dutys.

Application may be made for further particulars, to Thomas Mawer, writer in Dundee, trustee on the sequestrated estates of John Wemyss and Sons, merchants there, or James Campbell, W. S. will shew the title-deeds, plan, rental of the estate, with the articles.

Ebenezer M'Killop, schoolmaster in Abernyte, near Laureston, will shew the premises.

SALE OF LANDS IN ARGYLESHIRE.

To be SOLD, under the Authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills, upon Wednesday the 21st of November 1798, betwixt the hours of five and seven in the afternoon,

THE ESTATE of EDERLINE, lying in the parish of Kilmichael Glassrie, and district and county of Argyle, in the following lots, and at the upset prices after mentioned, as the proven values thereof, *viz.*

LOT I.—Containing about 5033 acres, whereof 415 are arable, and 378 meadow and pasture, consists of the LANDS of EDERLINE, with the Public House at the Ford, and the Mill of Ederline; the Lands of GARVALT, with the Parks of Croft Finlay and Stronomore; the Two FINCHARNS and KILLINUIR, with the Piece of Ground called CRUACHNURE; also the SUPERIORITIES of the Lands of INVEREA, CRAREA, and GARVACHIE.

The lands of Ederline and Garvalt, with the parks above mentioned, and Cruachnuer, hold of a subject superior, for payment of a very small feu-duty. The other lands in this lot hold blench of the Crown, and, with the superiorities annexed to it, entitle the purchaser to a Freehold Qualification. The teinds of the whole of these lands, as well as of the other lands composing the estate, were long ago valued by the Subcommissioners of the Presbytery of Argyle, and a decree of approbation thereof has lately been obtained.

The free rent of the lands in this lot, as proven in the sale, is - - L. 468 4 4 10-12ths.

And the proven value thereof, including that put upon the freehold qualification and woods upon Ederline, also the privilege of purchasing the teinds, is - - - - L. 13026 19 6

LOT II.—Containing about 6000 acres, whereof 200 are arable, and 850 pasture and meadow, comprehends the Breavallichs, Brenchoillies, and Craigienuir, (except Cruachnure, a pendicle of the latter thrown into Lot I.)

These lands hold also of a subject superior.

The free rent thereof is L. 276 19 11 2-12ths.

And the proven value, including the wood upon Breavallichs, with the privilege of purchasing the teinds, is - - L. 7516 4 7 5-12ths.

LOT III.—Is composed of the Lands of Gortanagour, Dryenlia, Inverea, Crarea and Garvachie, Stronealbanach, Gallanichbenglash, and Feorline (with the exception of the Superiorities of Inverea, Crarea, and Garvachie.)

These lands hold in like manner of a subject superior; and with respect to Inverea, Crarea, and Garvachie, as the superiorities thereof are now disjoined therefrom, and attached to Lot I. for the purpose of giving a qualification thereto, they are made to hold of the purchaser of that lot for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

With regard to Feorline, there is an heritable right to the parsonage teinds thereof. The teinds of the other lands are valued, as before mentioned.

The proven rental of this lot is L. 450 9 0 10-12ths.

And the proven value thereof, and of the woods, with the privilege of purchasing the teinds, is - - L. 13195 14 6 3-12ths.

The whole of this property is very low rented, and as hardly any of the leases over it exceed three years from Whitsunday last, the value will rese very considerably from the purchaser's having almost immediate access, and from the goodness of the soil, which, in some places, is very fertile. The situation of the estate, lying betwixt Lochfine and Lochow, only seven miles distant from Inverary on the north, and on the south only six miles from the Crinan Canal, makes access exceedingly easy, and the market very near.

There is an excellent mansion-house upon Lot I. with suitable offices and pleasure grounds;—fresh water and salt water fish are in the greatest profusion, as is game of every denomination; and, in short, a property seldom occurrs possessing greater advantages.

The articles and conditions of sale, abstract of the judicial rental, and the title-deeds, are to be seen at the office of Mr Alexander Stevenson, Depute Clerk of Session; and for further particulars intending purchasers may apply to Cornelius Elliot, writer to the signet, agent in the sale, or to Neil M'Gibbon, writer in Inveraray, judicial factor upon the estate.

LANDS FOR SALE IN ARGYLLSHIRE.

To be SOLD by warrant of the Court of Session, by public auction, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Thursday 29th November next, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of LOCHBUY, in Argyllshire, holding of the Crown, at least so much thereof as shall be necessary for paying the debts of the late John M'Laine, Esq. and the deceased Captain Archibald M'Laine, formerly of Lochbuy.

These lands are situated in the Island of Mull, and shire of Argyle. They consist of upwards of 44,000 Scots acres, and will be exposed in the following lots:

LOT I.—Tapul, Coilemore, Scobuj, Tiroran, Knockroy, Camus, and Shiconnell, with the Miln thereof.

LOT II.—Collachelly, Kilbeg, Gruline, Torlochan, and Gedderlie, Bentilla, comprehending Leadery, Bradilaultach, Bradildugh, Tomslea, and Corrygarrain.

LOT III.—Scallastle, Garmony, Liderkle, Fishnish, Baliameonoch, Corrynahenoch, with the Mill thereof, Letter, Pennygown, Corrachie, Rohill, and Derrynaningle.

LOT IV.—Moy, Cameron, Glenbyre, and Innigart, Derinaculen, and Rossal, Beinad, Kinlochspelve, Laggan, Descaig, and Glendibidel, Barichendroman, Garmonyroich, Drimnatyne, Crogan, and Irridale.

N. B.—As much Superiority will be added to each of the above lots as will afford a freehold qualification.

On lot 4th, besides the Castle of Moy, there is a large convenient Mansion-house lately built, with suitable offices, and a well stocked garden, most delightfully situated at the extremity of the bay of Lochbuy.

As the most of this estate is at present out of lease, and very improveable, a great addition of rent may be expected upon granting leases. The extent of the arable and improveable land is distinctly pointed out by a late survey of the estate. The whole of it is pleasantly situated, has many excellent situations for mansion-houses, and abounds with game and fishing of all kinds.

For particulars application may be made to Lieutenant-Colonel M'Laine at Moy, by Achnacraig, or to Mr Campbell, W. S. St James's Square, who will shew the plans and surveys of the estate, give any other information that may be necessary.

LANDS OF GRANGE.

TO BE SOLD,

By Public Voluntary Roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinr. the 8th of August curt, at two o'clock P.M.

THE LANDS of GRANGE, lying in the parish of Carriden, and county of Linlithgow.

This estate is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Forth, having an extensive view of the Frith and opposite coast, within a mile of Borrowstonness.

There are two good lodgeable houses upon the property, to one of which entry may be had at Martinmas. The estate holds of the Crown, and affords two freehold qualifications. As the lands are at present possessed under old leases, all of which expire in three years, the rent will nearly triple upon a new set.

Also, The COAL and SALT-WORKS, with the seams of COAL and IRON-STONE, within said estate, together with the village of Grange. This is one of the best situations in the frith of Forth for the Coal and Salt Trade. There are five salt pans in good repair, and there is a very extensive field of coal, of superior quality. There are also some very rich ironmines in the property, which are under lease for three years to Carron Company for payment of a royalty.

This property will be sold, either the whole in one lot, or in two lots; the first being the lands, and the second the minerals and works.

John Stark at Grange, will shew the lands, coal, and salt works, and iron stone mines; and for farther particulars apply to John Buchan, Esq. W. S. or Robert Cathcart, W. S. Hill, street, Edinburgh; in whose hands are the title deeds, articles of sale, and a plan of the estate.

LANDS IN KINROSS-SHIRE FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 8th in place of Wednesday the 1st of August 1798, as formerly advertised, at 2 o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of EASTER ANNAFRIECH, lying in the parish and county, and within one mile and a half of the town of Kinross. These lands, consisting of about 227 acres, are in the natural possession of the proprietor, and stretch about a mile in the direction of the great road from Edinburgh to Perth, by Queensferry, being situated about 250 yards west of said road.

The land is all arable, except a very few acres of meadow and moist ground; and the soil being somewhat light, and mostly on a good dry bottom, is excellently adapted for the culture of turnips, a crop which has been raised there for some years past with great success. Though still capable of being much improved, the lands are in good condition, a considerable quantity of lime (which can be procured in plenty, and at no great distance from the place,) having been supplied on them as manure every season during these eight last years.

The title-deeds, plan, and measurement of the lands, may be seen by applying to John Tawse, writer, St James's Square, Edinburgh; to whom, or to Mr Hutchison, the proprietor, on the spot, intended purchasers may apply either for further particulars, or for concluding a private bargain previous to the sale.

SALE OF

LANDS, PATRONAGES, AND SUPERIORITIES *IN THE COUNTIES OF PEEBLES & DUMFRIES.*

To be SOLD by public auction, on Thursday the 16th day of August 1798, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, between the hours of one and three afternoon,

I.—THE FORTY SHILLING LAND of the Lands of WESTER HAPPREW, with houses, buildings, yards, parts, pendicles, and whole pertinents of the same, formerly belonging to George Brown, portioner of Happrew, lying within the barony of Wester Happrew, parish of Stobo, and sheriffdom of Peebles.

II.—The RIGHT of PATRONAGE of the Parish of Innerleithen.

III.—The RIGHT of PATRONAGE of the Parish of Tweedsmuir.

IV.—The RIGHT of PATRONAGE of the Parish of Drummelzier.

V.—The RIGHT of PATRONAGE of the Parish of Broughton and Glenholme.

VI.—The SUPERIORITY of all and whole the Lands of NETHER HORSBRUGH, and Mill thereof, lying in the parish of Hopekaillie and Innerleithen, and sheriffdom of Peebles.

These lands are valued in the cess-books of the county at 536l. 8s. 10d. Scots, and are held feu for payment of 1l. Scots.

VII.—The SUPERIORITY of all and whole the Lands of CABERSTON and GRAINS, and Lands of BOLDHAUGH, lying in the parish of Hopekaillie and Innerleithen, and sheriffdom of Peebles.

These lands are valued in the cess-books of the county at 596l. 10s. 6d. Scots, and are held feu for payment of 1l. Scots.

VIII.—The SUPERIORITY of all and whole the FORTY SHILLING LAND of ELLIESTON, of old extent, being a part of the barony of Closeburn, with the pertinents, lying in the parish of Dunscore, and sheriffdom of Dumfries.

The title-deeds and articles of roup may be seen in the hands of Crawfurd Tait, W. S. Park Place, Edinburgh, who is authorised to sell the subjects above mentioned by private bargain any time between and the day of sale.

GOING COAL TO BE LET

IN THE MONKLANDS.

To be LET by private bargain, or (in case one is not concluded in that way,) by public voluntary roup, for 12 years, and entry immediately, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 17th of August, 1798, at one o'clock afternoon,

ALL and WHOLE the very extensive GOING COAL within the lands and estates of Gartsherrie, Garturk, Greenend, Dundyvan and others, lying in the parish of Old Monkland, and shire of Lanark, the property of John Hamilton Colt, Esq. of Auldhame.

This field of coal is of several miles extent, lyes only nine miles from Glasgow, and two from Airdrie, and is intersected by the great turnpike road from Edinburgh to Glasgow, by Airdrie, and by the Monkland canal, affording the best possible means of conveying the coal to a ready market.

The person who takes the coal may also be accomodated with a lease of grounds upon such terms as may be agreed on, for enabling him the more conveniently to carry on the coal-works.

The coal-works and grounds may be seen every lawful day, between and the day of roup, by application to Mr John Donald, residing at Maryston, present overseer of the Dundyvan colliery, or George Kirk, the proprietor's land-overseer, residing at the mansion-house of Gartsherrie. And the conditions of the let articles of roup, &c. are to be seen in the hands of Harie Guthrie, writer, Argyle Square, Edinburgh—to whom offers for the coal may be addressed, and application made for information as to all particulars.

FARMS IN STIRLINGSHIRE TO LET.

To be LET for 19 years, or such number of years as may be agreed upon,

THE following FARMS, part of the Estate of PLEAN, in the parish of St Ninians, and county of Stirling, viz.

I. The Farm of WOODCOCKFAULD, presently possessed by William Paul, containing 73 acres or thereby. Entry at Martinmas 1798.

II. The Farm of PLEAN-BANK, presently possessed by William Dun, contains 67 acres or thereby. Entry at Martinmas 1799.

III. The Farm of CUSHINQUARTER-EASTER, possessed by James Robertson, containing 69 acres or thereby. Entry at Martinmas 1800.

IV. The Farm of CUSHINQUARTER-WESTER, containing 69 acres or thereby, possessed by Alexander Robertson. Entry at Martinmas 1800.

V. The Farm of DURIESHILL-HAUGH, possessed by Robert Mitchell, containing 120 acres or thereby. Entry at Martinmas 1801.

VI. The Farm of DURIESHILL, possessed by John Paul, containing 80 acres or thereby. Entry at Martinmas 1801.

All the above farms are arable, except some small spots, are of good dry soil, and well calculated for turnip husbandry, lie adjoining to the turnpike road leading from Falkirk to Stirling, and from Denny to Stirling, are partly inclosed, and within a few miles of the county town, and the great canal. Upon the lands there is a lime stone quarry, level free, which the tenants will have the use of for working, and a colliery upon the estate. So that few places have such advantages for improvement.

Offers in writing may be given in to James Stormonth, writer in Edinburgh, or James Henderson, writer in Falkirk, the factor over the estate, and who will inform as to any further particulars. Such offers as are not accepted, will be concealed if desired.

SALE OF ESTATES IN ARGYLLSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, under the authority of the Court of Session,

THE whole LANDS and ESTATES which belonged to the late Allan MacLean of Drimnin, Esq. and Lieutenant Colonel Charles MacLean of Kinlochaline, consisting of the ESTATES of DRIMNIN and KINLOCHALINE, lying in Morven, and county of Argyll, and of the ESTATES of BROLOSS and KILLEAN, lying in the Island of Mull, paying at present a gross yearly rent exceeding L. 1700 Sterling, exclusive of Kelp, of which a considerable quantity may be annually manufactured.

There is a Mansion-House with every suitable accommodation for a Gentleman's family, on the estate of Broloss, and there is a separate mansion-house on the estate of Drimnin.

Some of the lands are covered with valuable woods, which are inclosed, and many advantages arise from the situation of these estates, which lie close to the sea shore, where several valuable Seams of Coal have been discovered on some of the lands.—There is also a promising appearance of Lead Mines on other parts of the lands, which further contain inexhaustible quarries of Limestone as well as Freestone.

The day of roup and other particulars will be afterwards advertised, when a division will be made of the estate into such lots as may suit purchasers. In the mean time any further information will be communicated by Kenneth Mackenzie, W. S. And persons wishing to view the premises, may apply to Mr Ewen MacLachlan at Landle, by Strontian, the factor.

LEASE OF A TAN-WORK,

And Sale of other Property at Perth, for behoof of Creditors.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the house of Duncan M'Dougal, Vintner in Perth, on the 16th day of August 1798, at 4 o'clock afternoon—

A LEASE for seventeen years from Martinmas 1798, of a commodious Tan-yard, with the policies, lying at the west end of the south street of Perth, possessed by Alexander Bell and Company, consisting of two drying shades and a back loft, upwards of 90 feet long by 24 feet, in the high floor; 2 cellars for leather, and a drying stove of 18 feet long, in the floor below, with a large warehouse for hammering, weighing, and sorting the leather; also a stock cellar, on the north end of which there is a bark-mill, in an apartment of 30 feet by 24. The yard contains 70 tan pits, with a tanner's shade, with 4 pits for cleaning the leather, in front of which is a water-hole, 12 feet long by 6 feet wide, and 5 lime pits 7 feet by 5 feet. On the east of the tan yard there is a row of houses betwixt 80 and 90 feet long, the south end of which consists of a stable and hay loft, adjoining to which are a stove-house and smoke-house, with a convenient compting-house for the manager. On the north end there are a very handsome currier's shop and drying-house, with a currier's stove; in all about 24 feet long, with stone tables and the other apparatus.

Adjoining the tan-yard stands a very neat garden, with fruit trees and shrubbery; and upon the east end of the whole ground is a fine grass plot.

From the centrical situation of the town of Perth, and the compact manner in which the whole premisses are constructed, the work is very compleat, either for a company or an individual, to carry on the tanning business to a great extent.

The customers of this work will please notice, that the leather continues to be sold at the tan-yard as usual.

There will also be exposed to sale at the same time and place, one Flat or Storey of a Tenement of land, with two garrets, lying on the side of George's-street possessed by Alexander Bell.

The writs and articles of roup will be seen, either in the hands of Mr Laurence Robertson, merchant in Perth, trustee for the creditors of Alexander Bell and Co.—or of Andrew Davidson, writer in Perth.

FARMS IN ANGUS-SHIRE.

To LET for the space of Nineteen Years,

THE FARM of GILCHORN, consisting of upwards of 400 acres, arable and mostly inclosed. The turnpike road from Arbroath to Montrose runs through the farm, and the lands are about four miles distant from Arbroath, and seven from Montrose. There is a complete steading of offices, and an excellent dwelling-house on the farm. Part of the above farm may be set off separately, if agreeable to offerers.

ALSO TO LET,

The MILLS of BALMULIE, adjoining the above farm, consisting of a Flour and Barley Mill, a Meal Mill, and two Lint Mills, together with about 40 acres of land adjoining—These mills having the command of the whole water of Lean, are well worthy the attention of any person who might be inclined to carry them on to a considerable extent, or to change them to any other kind of machinery.

ALSO TO LET,

The FARM of MYRESIDE, consisting of upwards of 180 acres arable, lying about half-way betwixt Arbroath and Montrose, with the turnpike road running through the farm.

The entry to the houses, grass, and mills, at Whitsunday 1799, and to the arable land at the separation of next crop from the ground. The tenants will show the lands; and as to further particulars, apply to John Rait, Esq. the proprietor, at Anniston.

FARM IN TWEEDDALE.

To be LET, for Nineteen or such number of years as may be agreed on,

THE FARM of STEVENSTON, in the parish of Newlands, and within six miles of Peebles—entry at Whitsunday.

This farm contains about 520 Scots acres of good arable, meadow, and pasture land, in the highest condition, the whole of it having been kept in pasture since Whitsunday 1794. From its advantageous exposure and dry soil, it is peculiarly adapted for the turnip husbandry, and is near coal and lime, with good turnpike roads.

Offers in writing may be sent to Thomas Cranstoun, W. S. No. 23. North Castle Street, or to the proprietor No. 34 George Street, Edinburgh, who will give every reasonable encouragement and accommodation to a tenant wishing to inclose, and to build a new farm house and offices.

Alexander Davidson, the present tenant, will shew the farm; and such offers as are not accepted of, will be concealed, if required,

FARM IN EAST-LOTHIAN.

To be LET for such time as may be agreed on, and entered to at Whitsunday first,

THE FARM of MORHAM MAINS. The centre of this farm is within two English miles of Haddington, it lies well together, has every advantage that can arise from roads, and consists of above 500 English acres. There are besides, 82 acres under tack for nine years, which may then be added to it. These lands are all inclosed, mostly new limed, and in no instance since they were limed, has more than one white crop been taken without a fallow, or green crop intervening. From the nature of the soil they have never missed wheat when tolerably prepared. For the encouragement of intending offerers, a sufficient extent of fallow and grass, with the dung on the farm at the entry, will be given for nothing; and the lands being in the natural possession of the proprietor, the common injuries of an outgoing tenant will in every respect be avoided, so that this entry will give advantages rarely met with.

The Dwelling-house is new, and fit to accommodate a large family. The offices, mill, and garden are suitable to the farm.

Offers may be given in to, or any information obtained from the proprietor, at Morham, between and the 1st of September.

Offers if required will be kept secret.

TO BE LET

For 19 Years from Martinmas 1798,

THE MILL and MILL LANDS of CARNOCK, and parts of the Lands of Drumbethie, lying in the neighbourhood of the Village of Carnock, and between 2 and 3 miles west from Dunfermline.

Part of these Lands is of a very good soil. They consist of about 100 acres, are almost all arable, and are well watered.—The outfield Lands of Drumbethie are still in an unimproved state, but as coal and lime are to be had within a short distance, and the Proprietor will give every encouragement to a substantial tenant, who would take them on an improving lease, they may without great expence be made excellent Pasture Lands.

Offers for the whole or a part of these lands may be sent to James Stuart, writer, Nicolson's Street, Edinburgh; or left with William Sime at Carnock; and such, as are not accepted, shall be concealed.

HIGH WATER AT LEITH,—

			Morn. H. M.	*Even.* H. M.
Friday,	August	3.	6 46	7 7
Saturday,	——	4.	7 28	7 50

PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, OLD FISH MARKET CLOSE. EVERY MONDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY.—Price L. 3: 10s. per annum, when called for.—L. 4. delivered in Town, or in Leith; and L. 4: 4s. sent by Post.